

CPS Magnet

2/09/2024

J. Ballard

Requirements

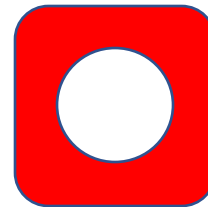
- Dipole field with a nominal field $B_x=0.67$ T (x-axis goes beam-left).
 - Uniformity is not important for CPS.
- Gap size 1.4 cm (x from -0.7mm to +0.7mm). Can be larger.
- Length of poles along Z=60cm to provide flat B_x between $z=-30$ cm and $z=+30$ cm.
- Closest coil point to the center in XY projection is 11cm to avoid high radiation exposure.
- The size limit in XY plane is 64cm in X and 48cm in Y. Defined by the shielding in FLUKA.
- The limit on total length of the magnet in Z is 80cm, including the coil return parts. Defined by the shielding in FLUKA.
- Pole height approximately $\Delta y \approx 8$ cm. This is not very critical.
- The radiation dose in the magnet coils is expected to be on the order of 3×10^4 Gy. We need to have a factor of x10 or more overhead with the radiation hardness in the design of these coils.
 - I used bedstead coils instead of racetrack coils to avoid coils close to the beam.
- We need to be able to double the magnetic field without overheating coils or saturating the return yoke.
 - This is for potential JLAB upgrade in a distant future.
 - We may need to buy a new power supply if we upgrade.
 - The way CPS is designed, the magnet is replaceable without completely removing the shielding of CPS.

Basic Specs

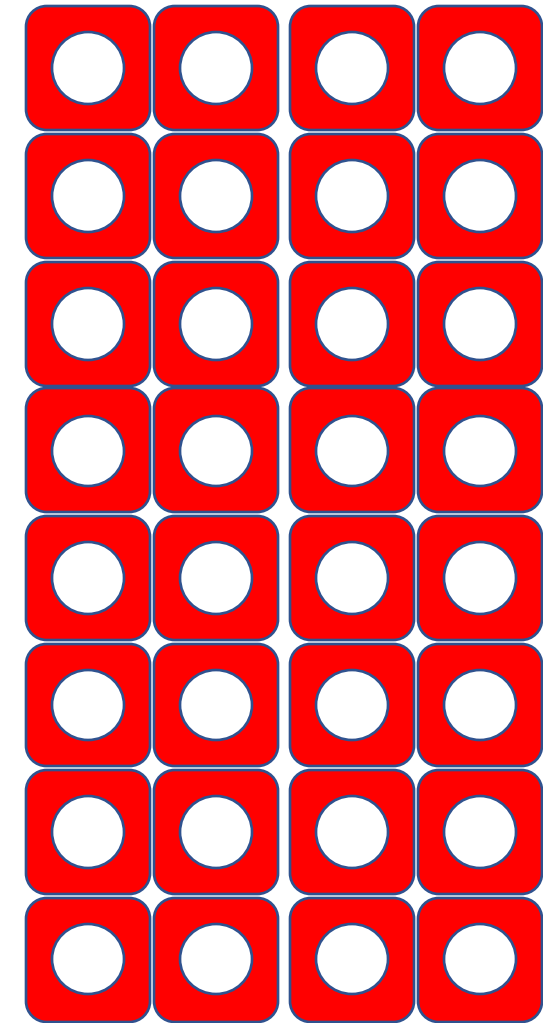
- $B = 1.32 \text{ T}$ (field)
- $g = 0.014 \text{ m}$ (gap)
- $\mu_0 = 1.26\text{e-}6$ (permeability)

- $NI = 14706 \text{ A}$ (total amp-turns, both coils)
- $N = 96 \text{ Turns}$ (total, both coils)
- $I = 153 \text{ A}$ (power supply current)
- $N_{\text{coil}} = 48 \text{ Turns}$
- $V = 35.4 \text{ V}$ (power supply voltage)
- $L = 47 \text{ mH}$

- Luvata 8204 Conductor
 - $\sim 7.9 \text{ A/mm}^2$ at 153 A

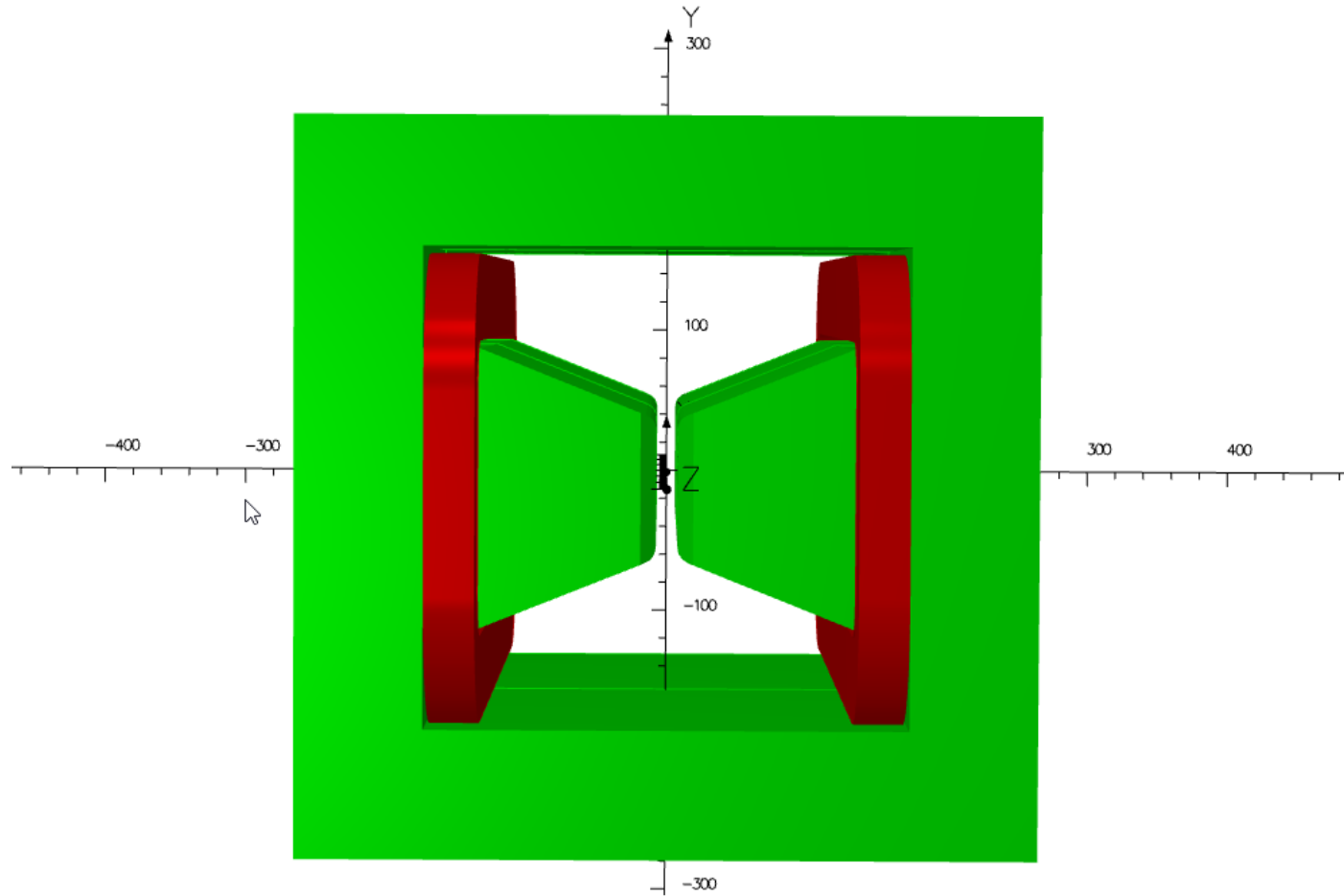


Conductor:
6 mm x 6 mm
4.5 mm hole



2 pancakes
Each 2 layers x 8 turns

Geometry



Yoke Outer Dimensions: 24 cm x 24 cm x 60 cm
Pole Face ~7.6 cm

Results at Nominal Field + 10%

12/Feb/2024 11:24:10

Map contours: B

1.248418E+00

1.200000E+00

1.000000E+00

8.000000E-01

6.000000E-01

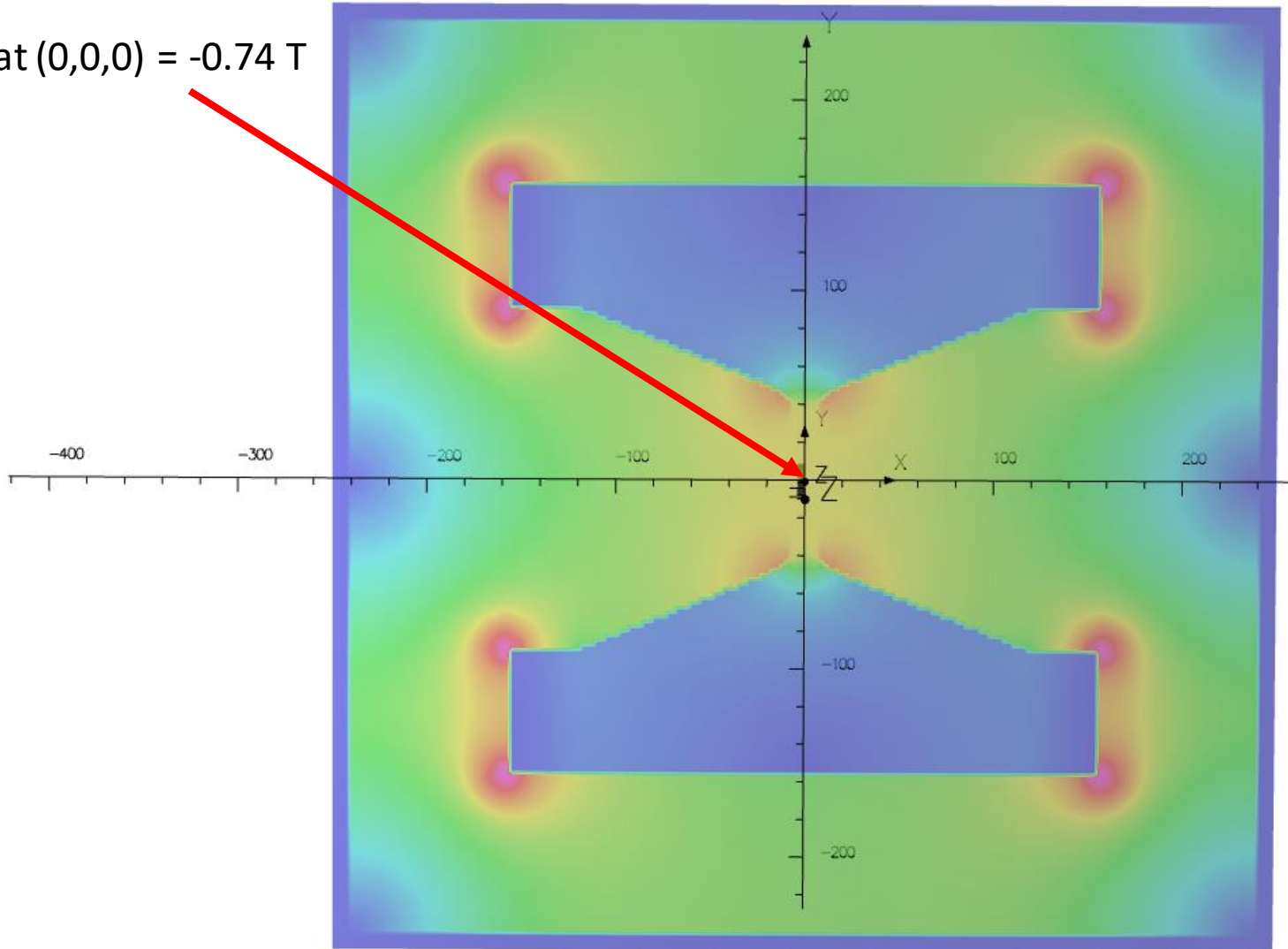
4.000000E-01

2.000000E-01

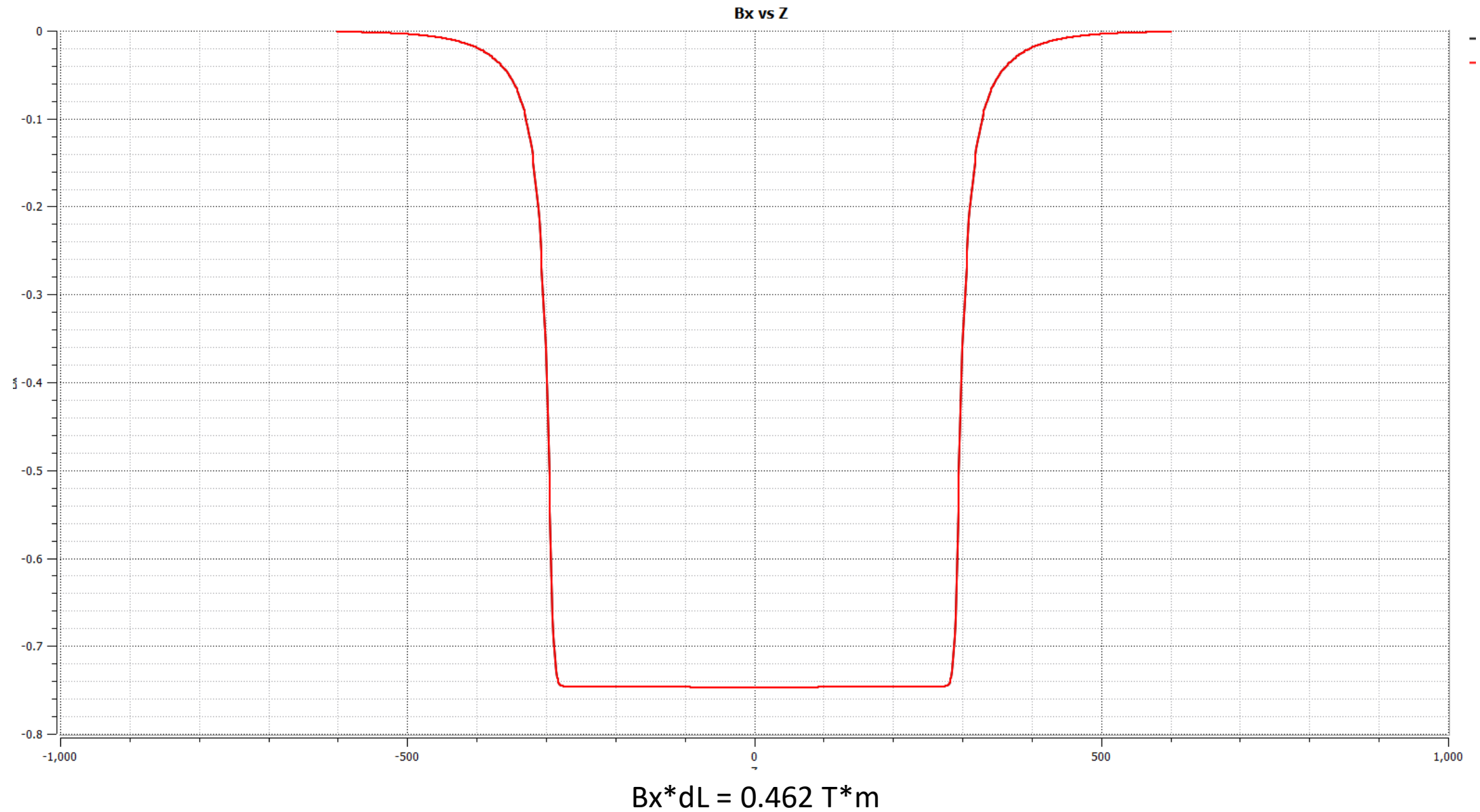
1.708598E-04

Integral = 1.024946E+05

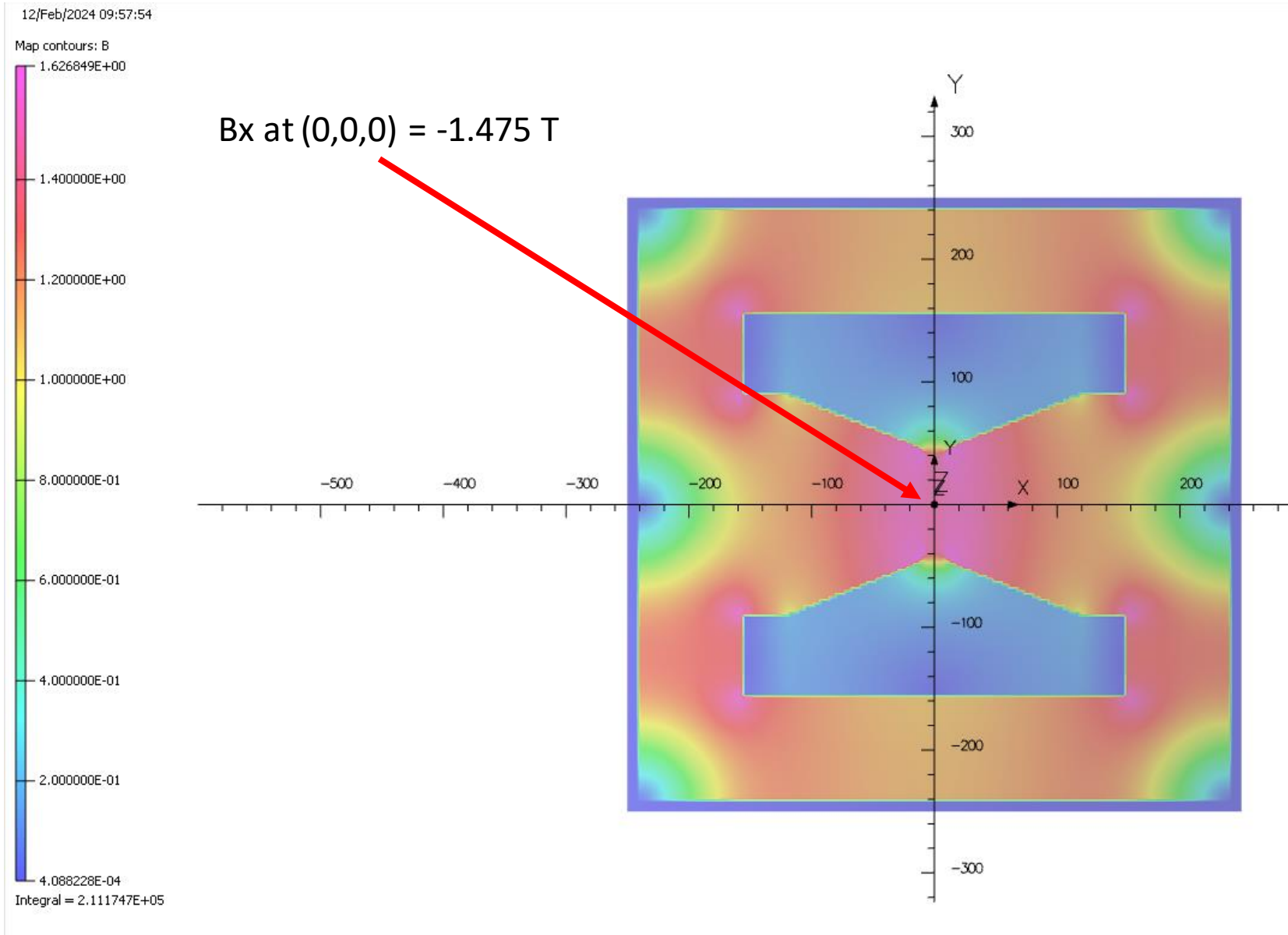
B_x at (0,0,0) = -0.74 T



Results at Nominal Field + 10%



Results at Double Field + 10%



Results at Double Field + 10%

