

Gain vs. Dark Current/Dark Rate

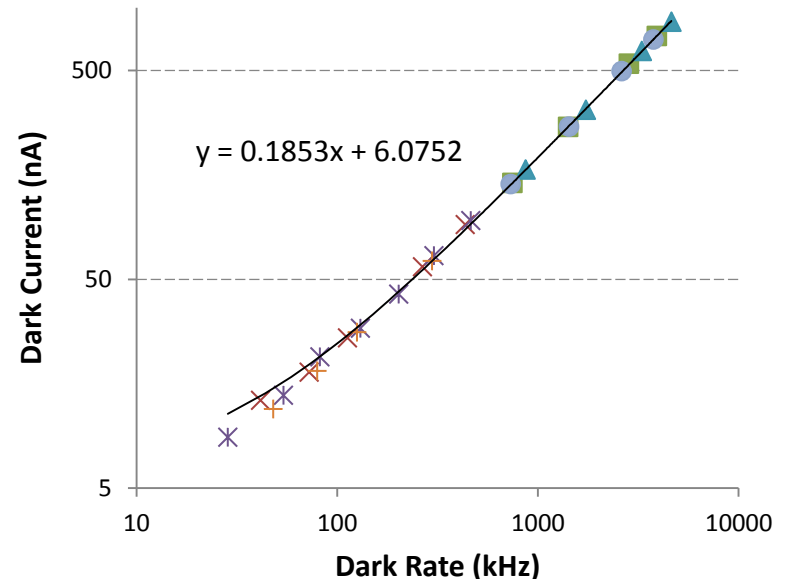
Yi Qiang 2012/1/19

- **1 mm² 50 um SiPM (S10362-11-050C)**

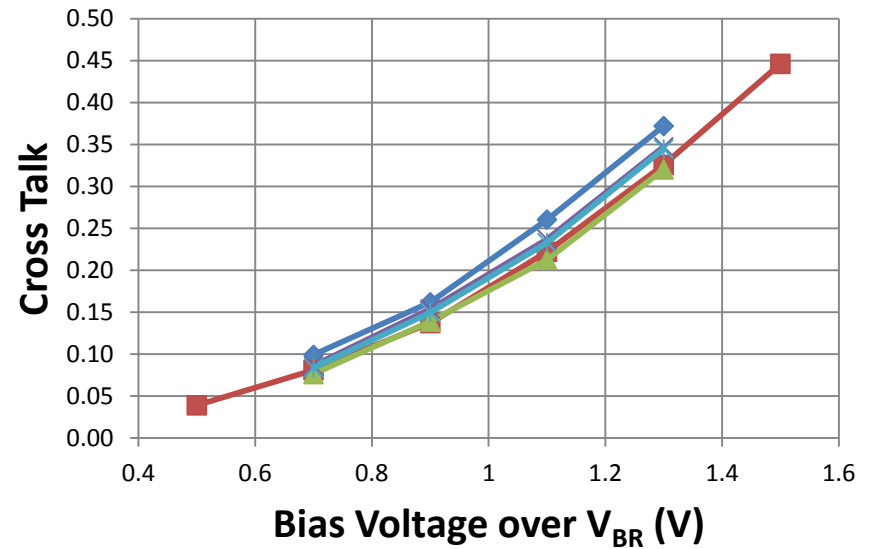
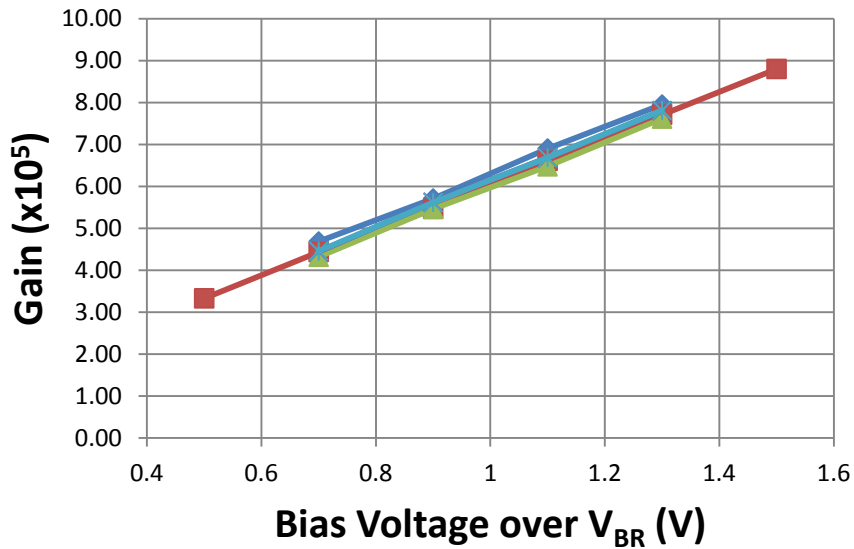
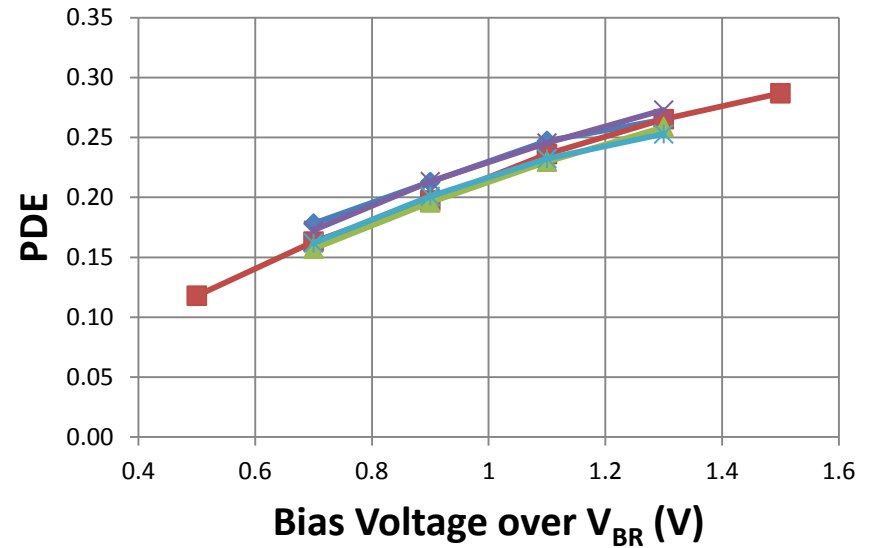
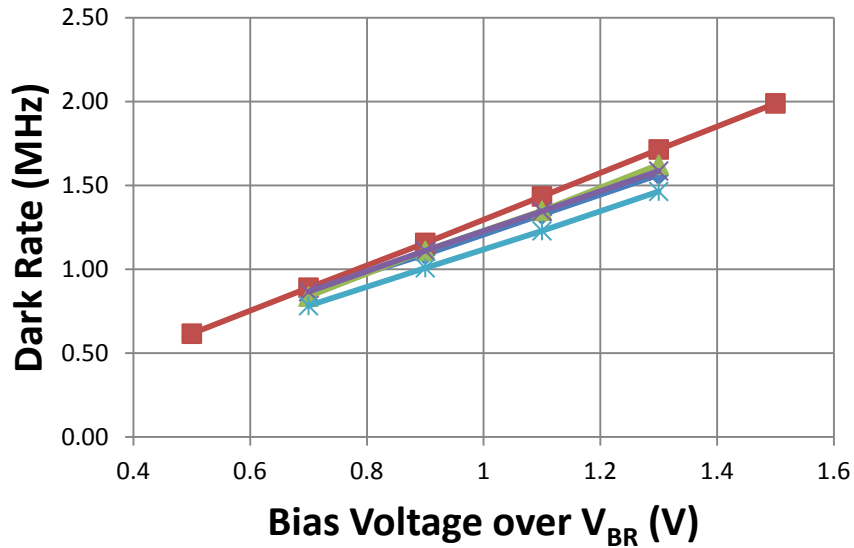
- FADC 250: 12-bit covers 0-0.5 V, 50 Ω, 4 ns, ×66 pre-amplifier:
 - 1 channel = $0.5V \cdot 4ns / 4096 / 66 / 50\Omega = 1.48 \times 10^{-16} C = 925 e$
- Average gain: 909 channels -> **0.84×10^6**
- Gain from current/rate fit: **1.16×10^6**
- Difference: 38%, could be explained by cross-talk and after pulsing

- **First Article Units**

- QDC V792: 100 pC/Channel
- ×66 pre-amplifier
- Average gain from 3 samples: **0.56×10^6**
- Dark current/Dark rate = 1.84 uA/15.1 MHz: **0.76×10^6**
- Difference: 36%, similar to 1 mm² case, but much smaller deviation is expected due to smaller cross-talk and after-pulsing with lower bias.

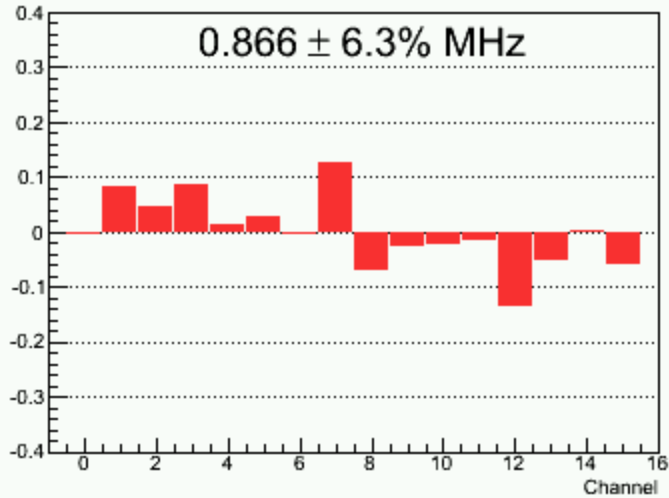


Voltage Dependence

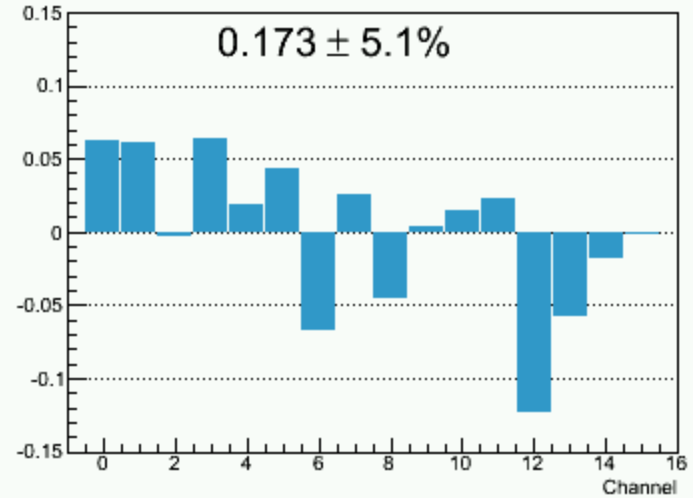


Uniformity @ 0.7 V (SiPM#73)

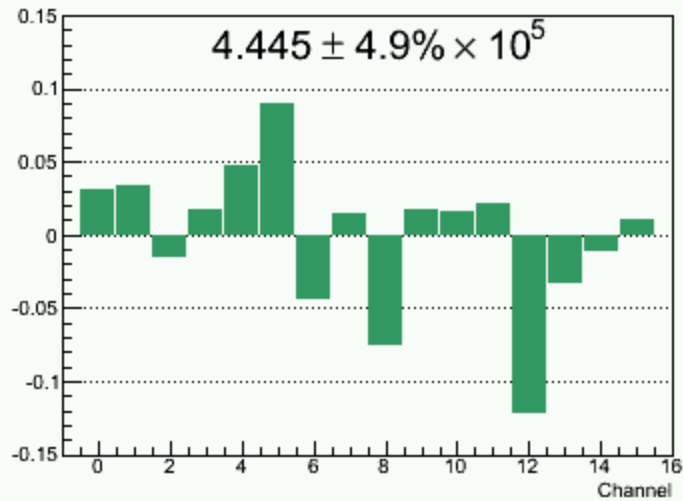
Dark Rate Uniformity



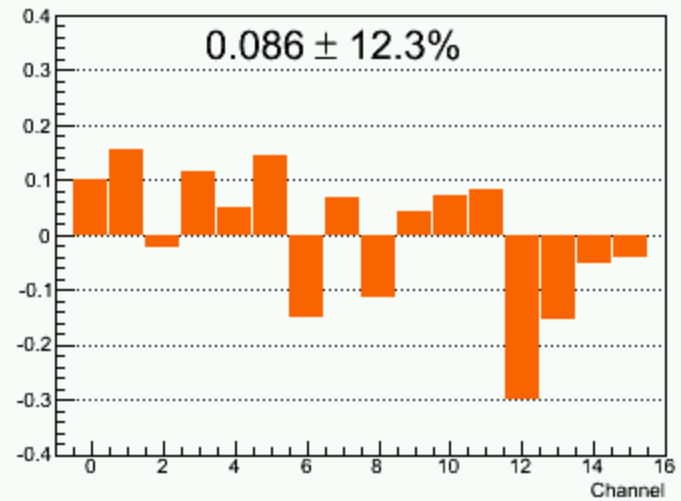
PDE Uniformity



Gain Uniformity

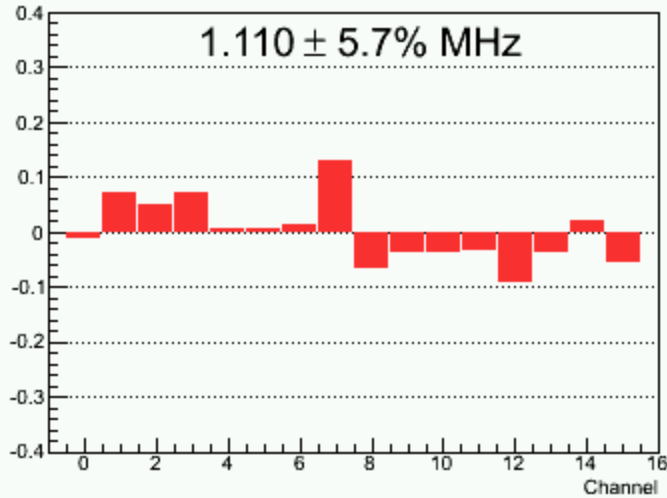


Cross-Talk Uniformity

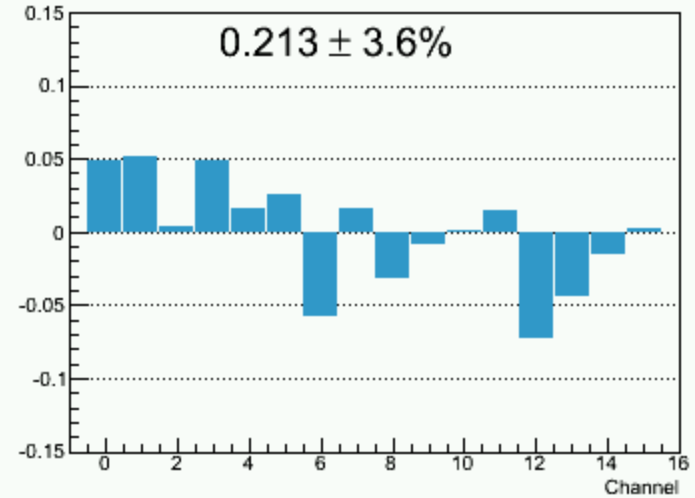


Uniformity @ 0.9 V (SiPM#73)

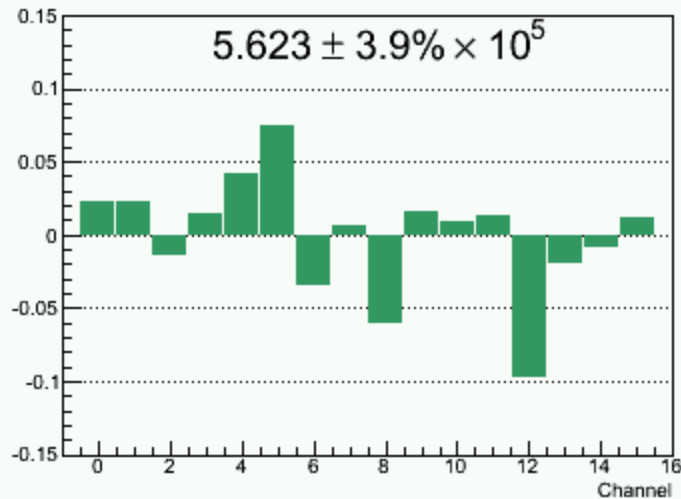
Dark Rate Uniformity



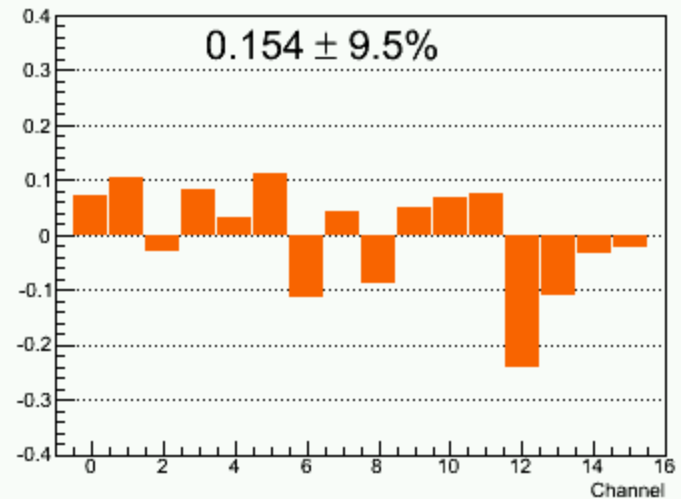
PDE Uniformity



Gain Uniformity

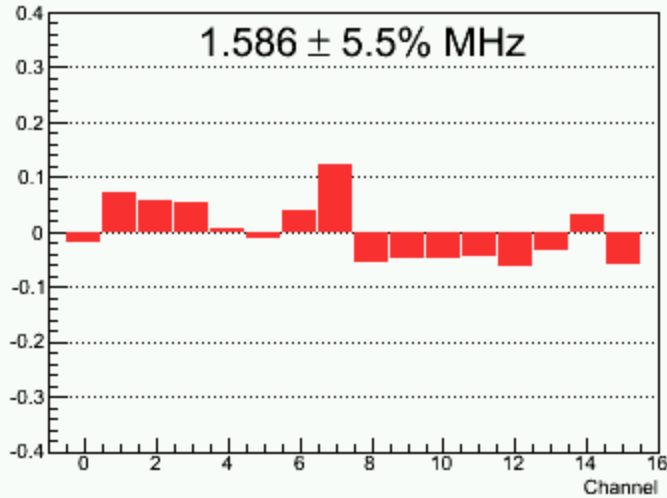


Cross-Talk Uniformity

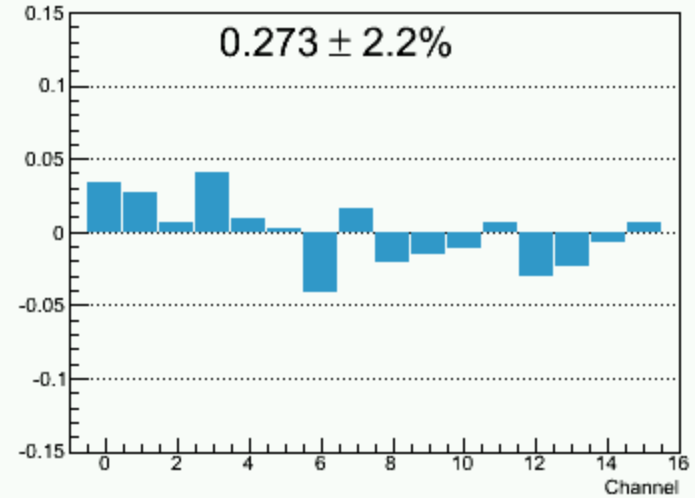


Uniformity @ 1.3 V (SiPM#73)

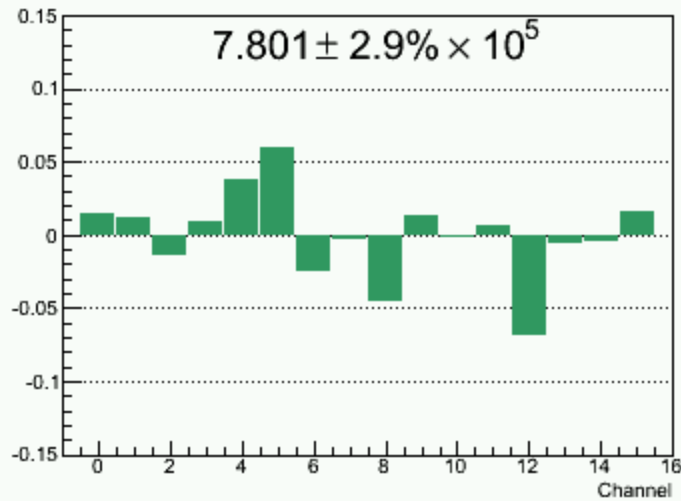
Dark Rate Uniformity



PDE Uniformity



Gain Uniformity



Cross-Talk Uniformity

