

# Level-3 Trigger Update

Justin Stevens

Trigger Meeting 9.2.14



# Level-3 BDT Inputs Reminder

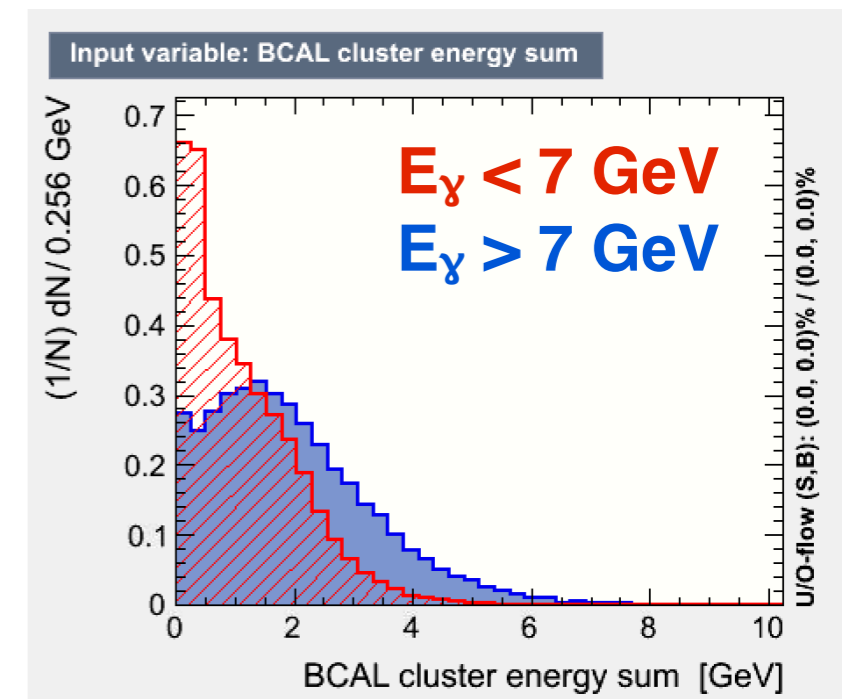
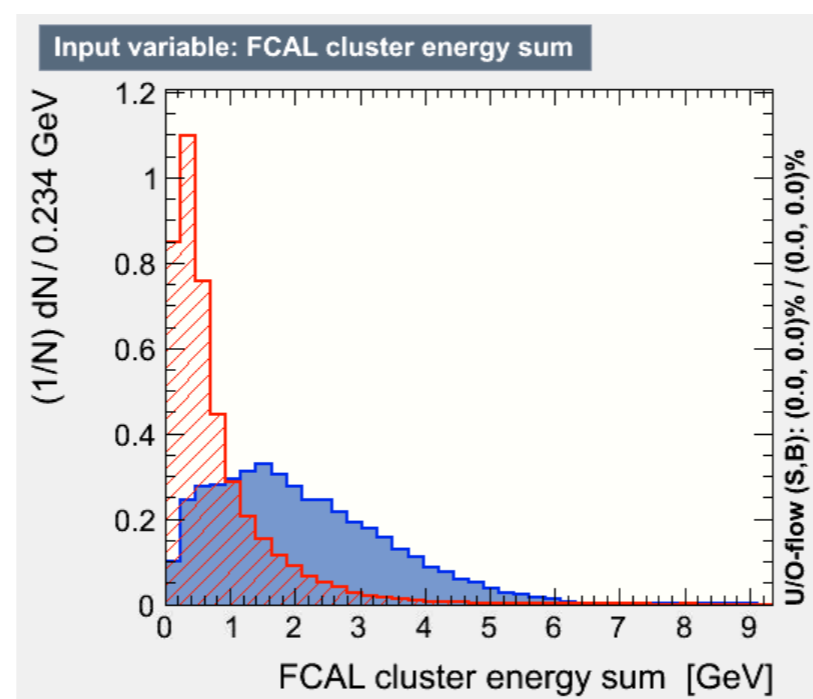
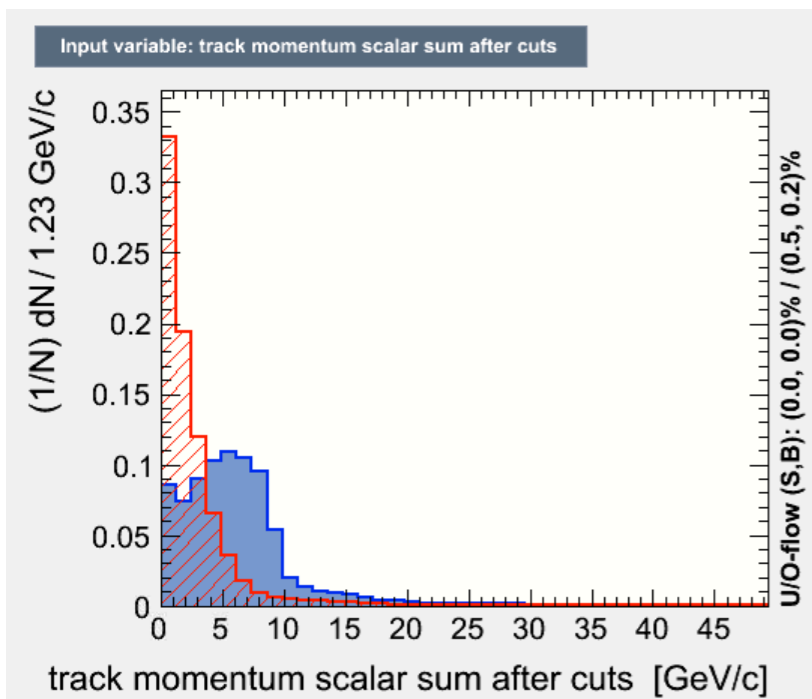
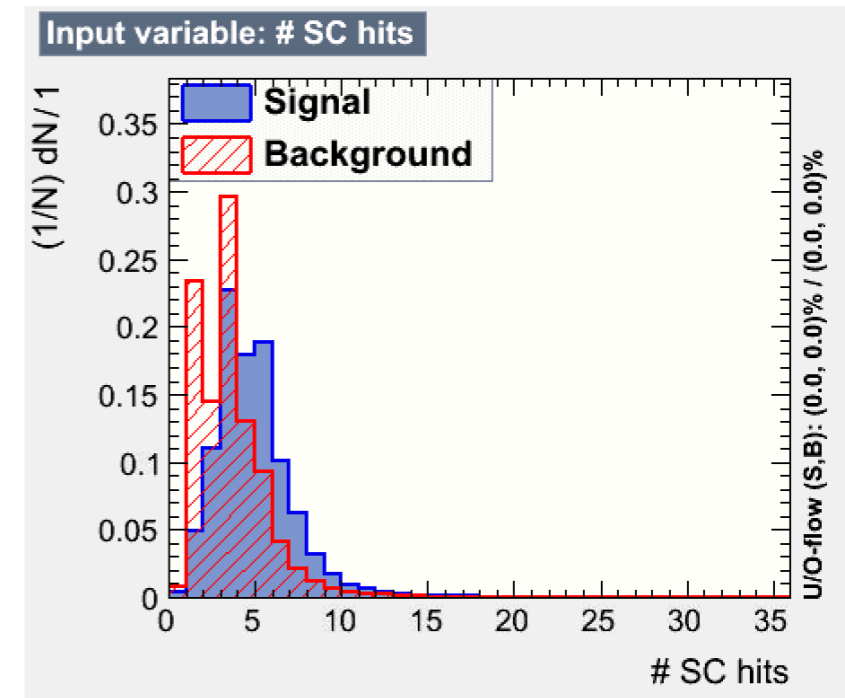
```

float Nstart_counter; // Number of start counter hits
float Ntof;           // Number of TOF hits

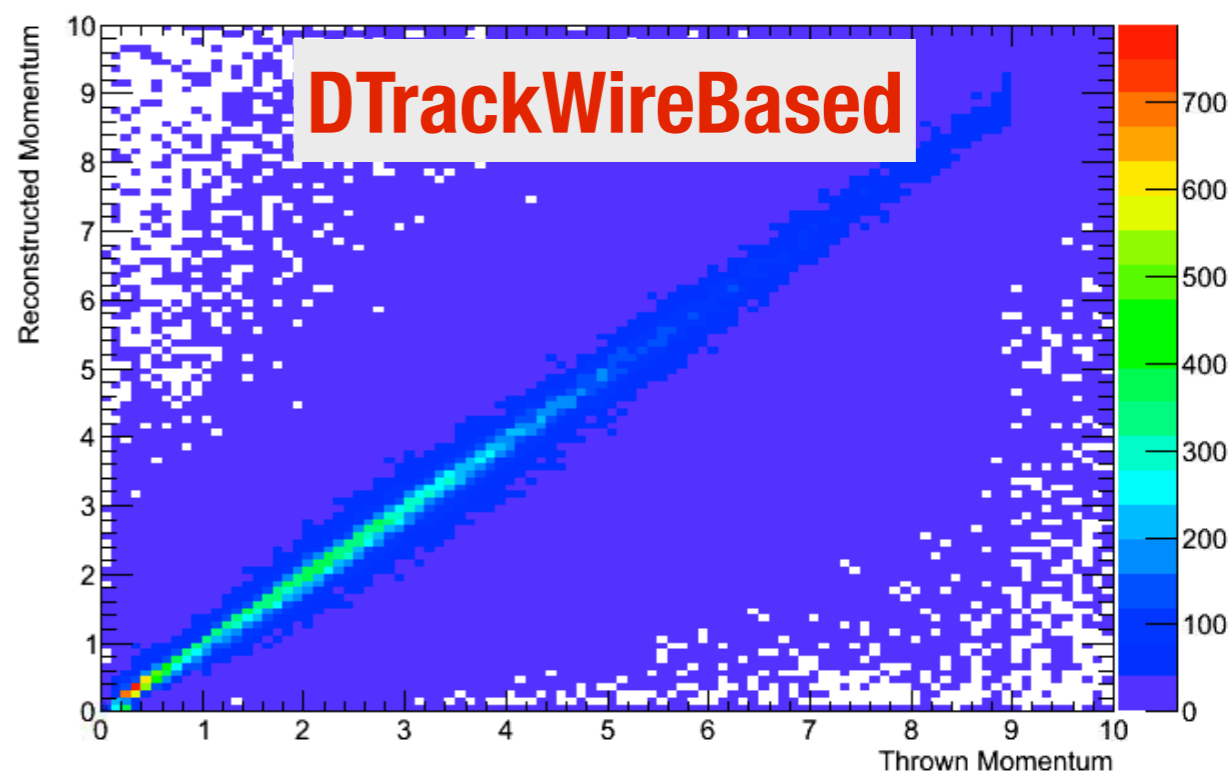
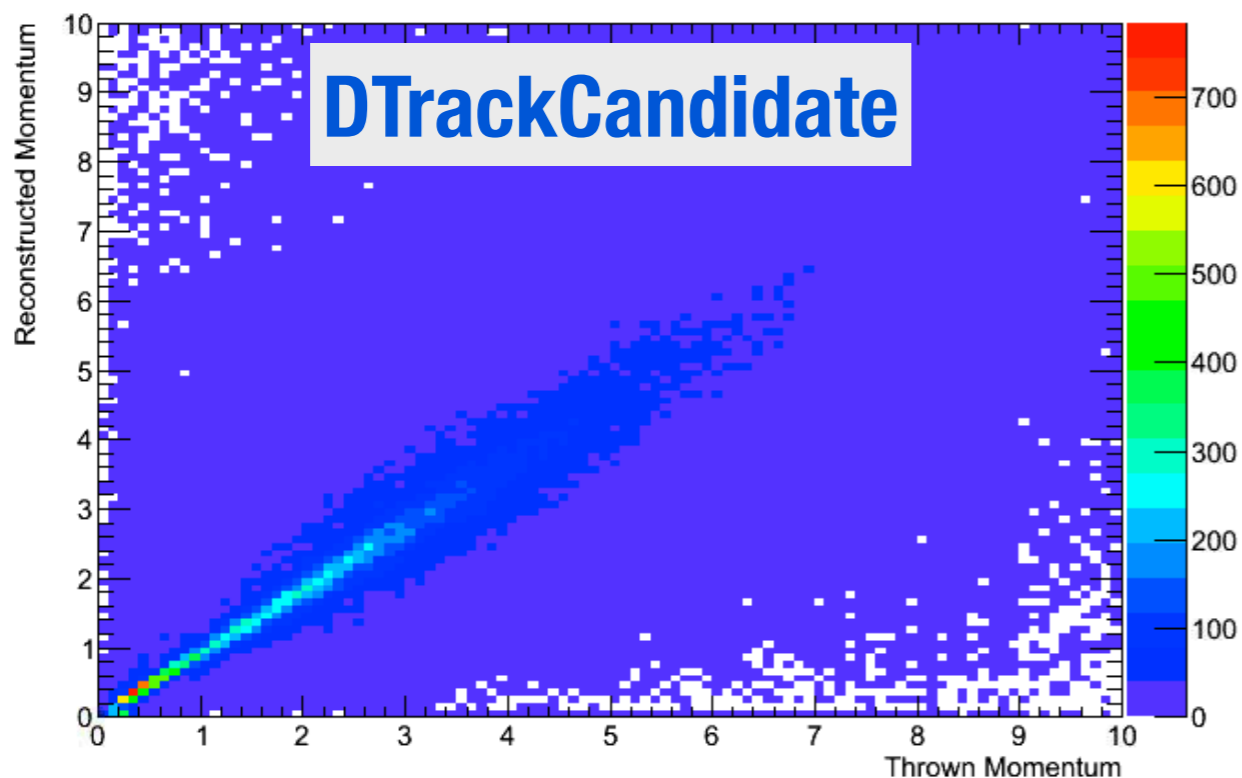
float Nbcacal_clusters; // Number of BCAL clusters
float EbcacalClusters; // Total energy in BCAL (Clusters)

float Nfcacal_clusters; // Number of FCAL clusters
float EfcacalClusters; // Total energy in FCAL (Clusters)

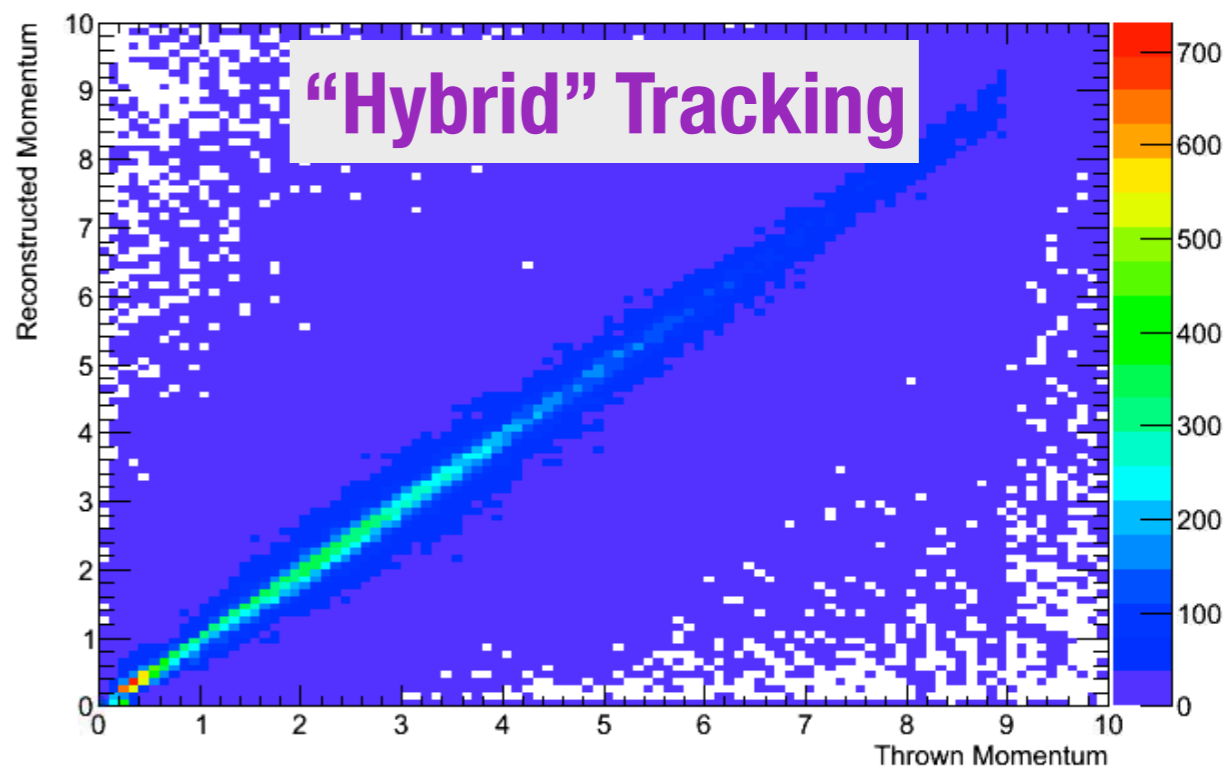
float Ntrack_candidates; // Number of track candidates
float Ptot_tracks; // Scaler sum of total momentum from candidate tracks
    
```



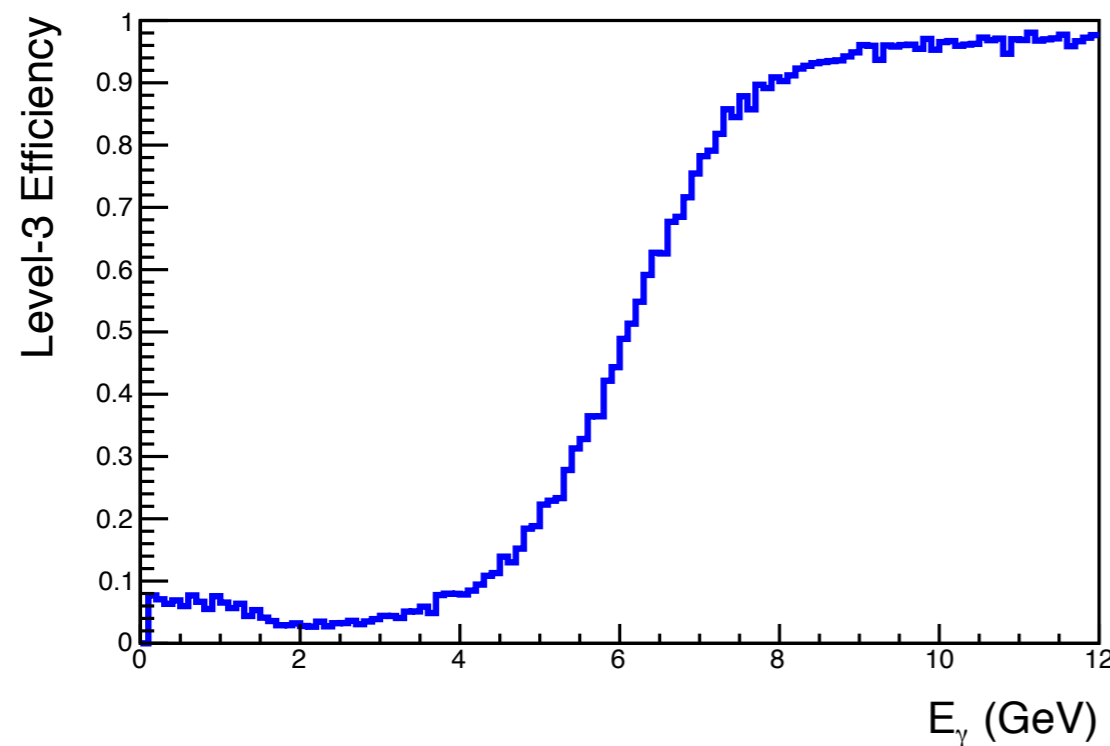
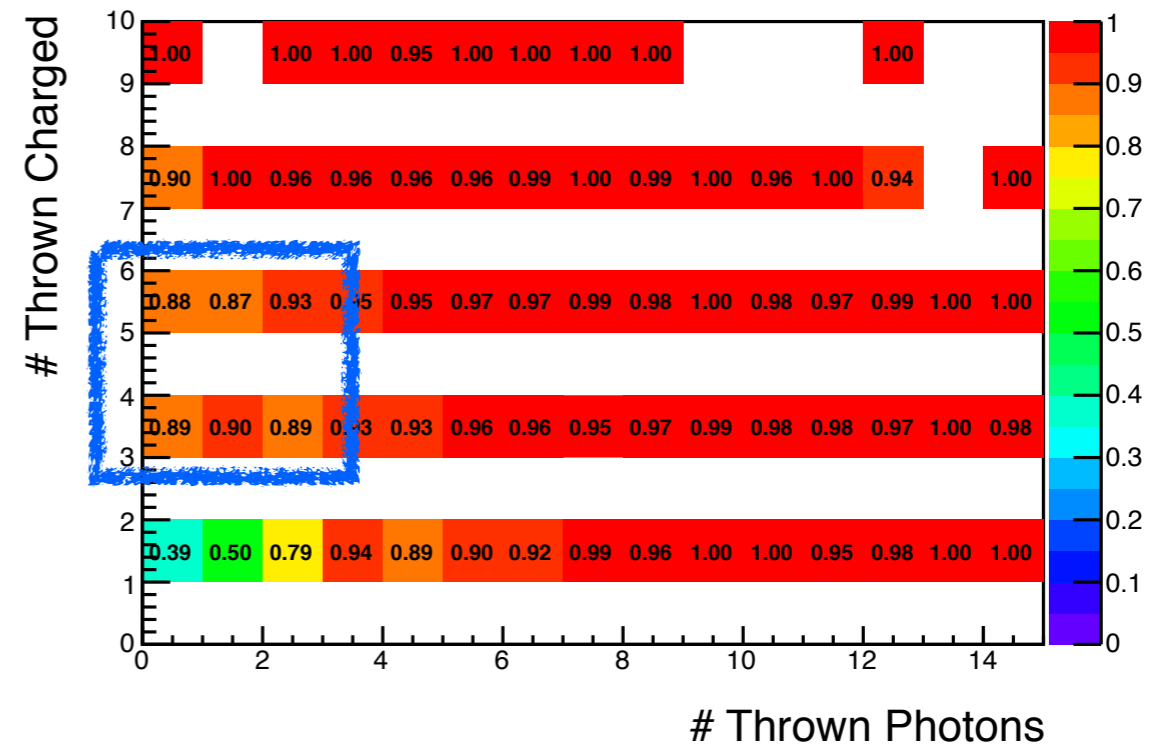
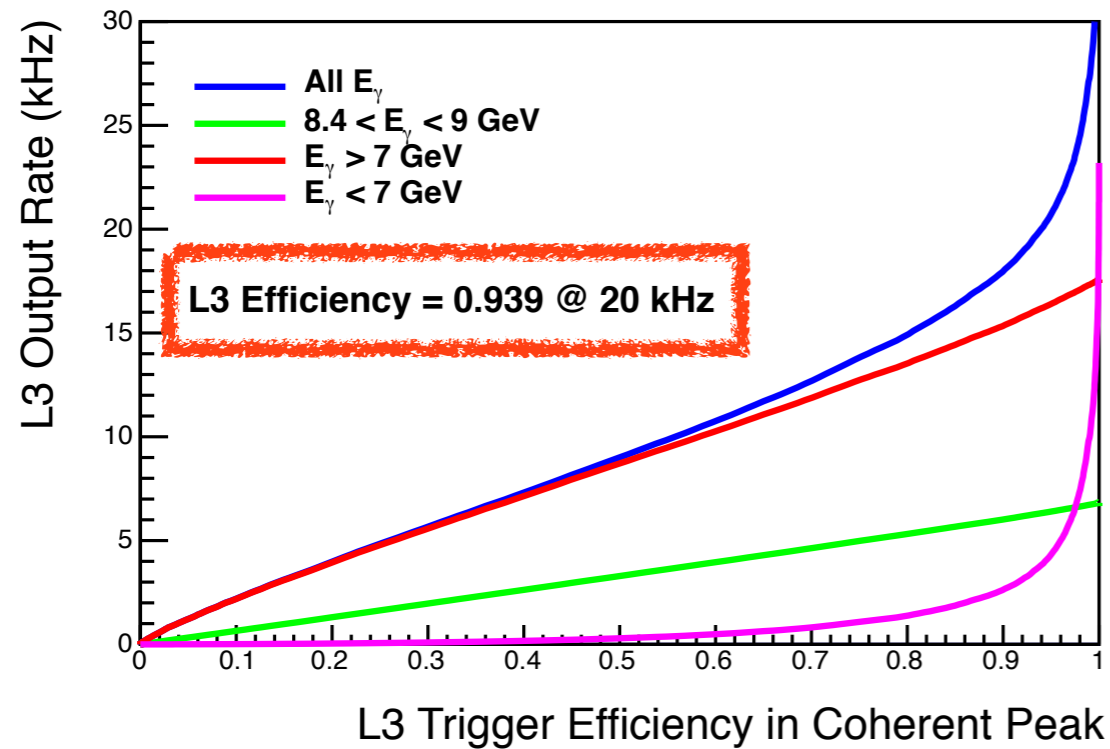
# Track momentum sum resolution



- ✳ Wire-based fit only improves track resolution for  $\theta < 15$
- ✳ **“Hybrid” approach:** for DTrackCandidate’s with  $\theta < 15$  do wire-based fit and use that in track momentum sum



# Hybrid tracking approach

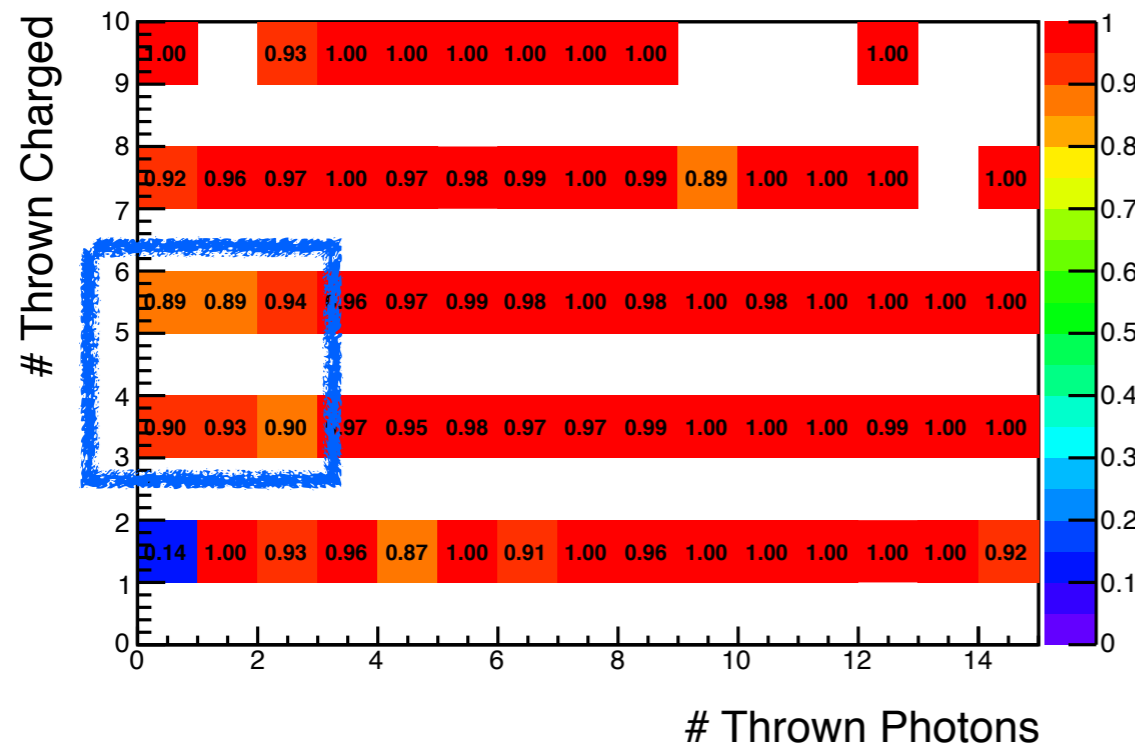


- Using **hybrid tracking** approach
- For a rate of 20 kHz, achieve ~94% L3 average efficiency in the coherent peak
- For # neutrons = 0, have ~96% effic
- **89% efficiency for zero photon events**
- Performance is similar to doing full wire-based tracking (with less CPU)

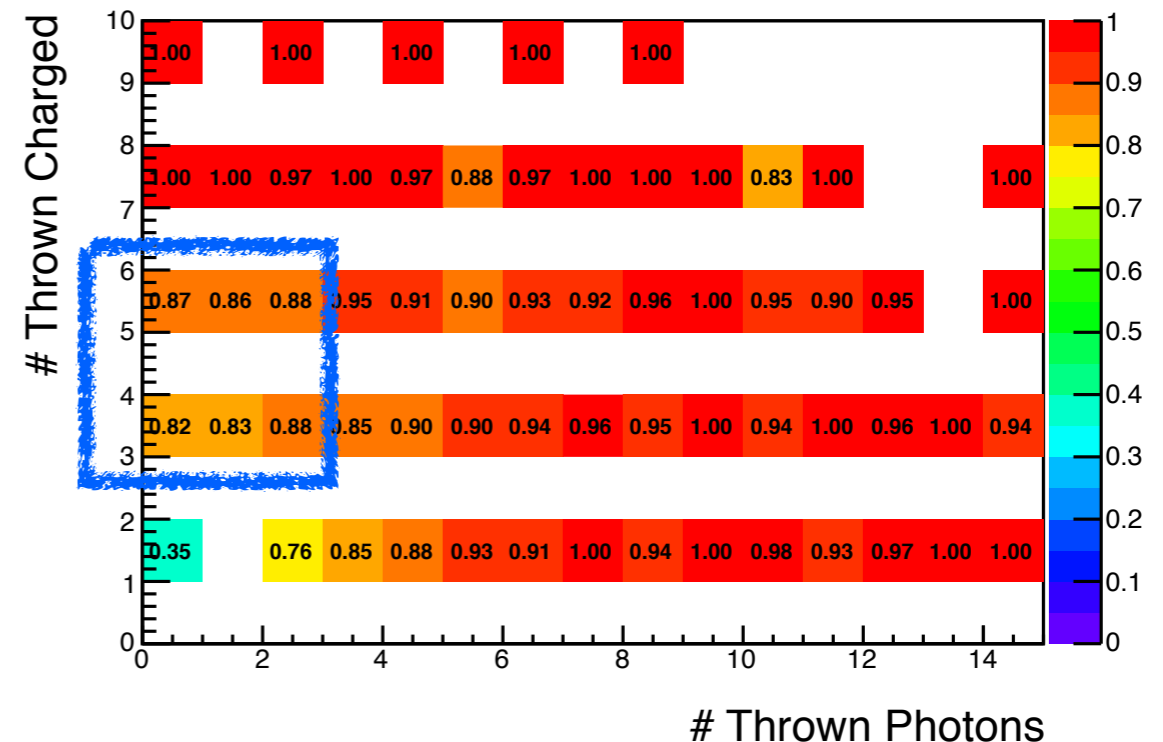
# Looking more in depth at topologies

- Generated a sample of 2M bggen events with  $E_\gamma > 7$  GeV with EM background turned on
- Need lower level objects for L1 and L3 trigger simulation so can't use data challenge files in REST format
- L3 efficiency lower in low photon multiplicity final states, but need to study these for “reconstructable” events

**# Neutrons = 0**



**# Neutrons > 0**



# Studying the trigger in physics analyses

final states	Nsignal	fPYTHIA	$\epsilon(\text{reco})$
$p\pi^+\pi^-$	219201	10.96	0.27
$p\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	93802	4.69	0.26
$p\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$	47092	2.35	0.14
$p\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	121003	6.05	0.10
$pK^+K^-$	6747	0.34	0.22
$pK^+K^-\pi^0$	3841	0.19	0.26
$pK_sK^-\pi^+; K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	2022	0.10	0.10
$pK_sK^-\pi^+\pi^0; K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	3056	0.15	0.08
$pK_sK^+\pi^-; K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	1759	0.09	0.12
$pK_sK^+\pi^-\pi^0; K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	2214	0.11	0.09
$pK^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$	7539	0.38	0.12
$pK^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	10571	0.53	0.09
$\Lambda K^+; \Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$	41	0.00	0.10
$\Lambda K^+\pi^0; \Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$	323	0.02	0.05
$n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+$	24203	1.21	0.41
$n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^0$	69037	3.45	0.28
$n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+$	12512	0.63	0.12
$n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^0$	33030	1.65	0.08
$nK_sK^+; K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	253	0.01	0.32
$nK_sK^+\pi^0; K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	916	0.05	0.19
$nK^+K^-\pi^+$	2569	0.13	0.36
$nK^+K^-\pi^+\pi^0$	4402	0.22	0.26
$nK_sK^+\pi^+\pi^-; K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	1443	0.07	0.10
$nK_sK^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0; K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	2309	0.12	0.06

- ✱ To understand trigger inefficiencies related to track reconstruction need to evaluate in relation to offline event reconstruction
- ✱ Idea: quantify expected Level-1 and Level-3 trigger efficiencies for some set of physics channels reconstructed offline
- ✱ I picked a “reasonable” set of final states; focusing on low photon multiplicity final states (ie.  $\# \pi^0 < 2$ ) which is  $\sim 30\%$  of the total cross section

# “Reconstructable” events

- \* Want to understand the impact of the trigger on event yields in the case of realistic physics analyses
- \* The only loss in statistics (due to the trigger) come from events which can be reconstructed properly, but fail to satisfy the trigger
- \* Need to define a set of cuts for events that are “reconstructable” offline for an end user analysis
- \* Use Paul’s suggested cuts from the data challenge:
  - \* Tracking FOM  $3\sigma$
  - \* Track has detector match (SC/TOF/BCAL/FCAL)
  - \* Photon PID FOM  $5\sigma$
- \* No kinematic fit or other exclusivity cuts applied

# Efficiency summary

final states	Nsignal	fPYTHIA	$\epsilon(L1)$	$\epsilon(L3)$	$\epsilon(\text{reco})$	reco $\epsilon(L1)$	reco $\epsilon(L3)$
$p\pi^+\pi^-$	219201	10.96	0.40	0.89	0.27	0.53	0.97
$p\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	93802	4.69	0.81	0.92	0.26	0.88	0.96
$p\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$	47092	2.35	0.91	0.86	0.14	0.95	0.93
$p\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	121003	6.05	0.98	0.92	0.10	0.99	0.95
$pK^+K^-$	6747	0.34	0.35	0.77	0.22	0.56	0.93
$pK^+K^-\pi^0$	3841	0.19	0.86	0.84	0.26	0.91	0.93
$pK_s K^-\pi^+$ ; $K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	2022	0.10	0.84	0.84	0.10	0.87	0.94
$pK_s K^-\pi^+\pi^0$ ; $K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	3056	0.15	0.98	0.89	0.08	0.98	0.96
$pK_s K^+\pi^-$ ; $K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	1759	0.09	0.86	0.85	0.12	0.91	0.96
$pK_s K^+\pi^-\pi^0$ ; $K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	2214	0.11	0.99	0.90	0.09	1.00	0.95
$pK^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$	7539	0.38	0.91	0.82	0.12	0.95	0.91
$pK^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	10571	0.53	0.99	0.89	0.09	1.00	0.96
$\Lambda K^+$ ; $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$	41	0.00	0.32	0.76	0.10	0.75	1.00
$\Lambda K^+\pi^0$ ; $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$	323	0.02	0.71	0.82	0.05	0.82	0.88
$n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+$	24203	1.21	0.76	0.83	0.41	0.79	0.89
$n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^0$	69037	3.45	0.94	0.87	0.28	0.96	0.91
$n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+$	12512	0.63	0.95	0.79	0.12	0.98	0.85
$n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^0$	33030	1.65	0.98	0.85	0.08	0.99	0.88
$nK_s K^+$ ; $K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	253	0.01	0.70	0.79	0.32	0.80	0.90
$nK_s K^+\pi^0$ ; $K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	916	0.05	0.91	0.80	0.19	0.98	0.87
$nK^+K^-\pi^+$	2569	0.13	0.75	0.78	0.36	0.78	0.86
$nK^+K^-\pi^+\pi^0$	4402	0.22	0.94	0.82	0.26	0.96	0.88
$nK_s K^+\pi^+\pi^-$ ; $K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	1443	0.07	0.93	0.77	0.10	0.98	0.93
$nK_s K^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ ; $K_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	2309	0.12	0.99	0.84	0.06	1.00	0.89

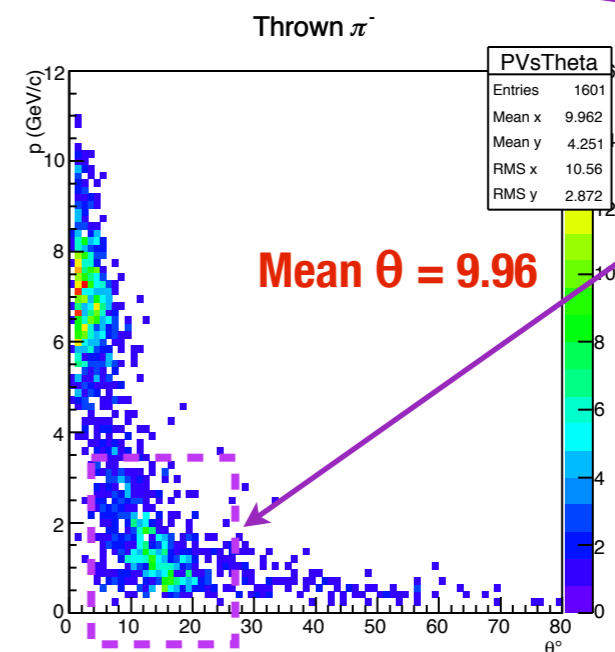
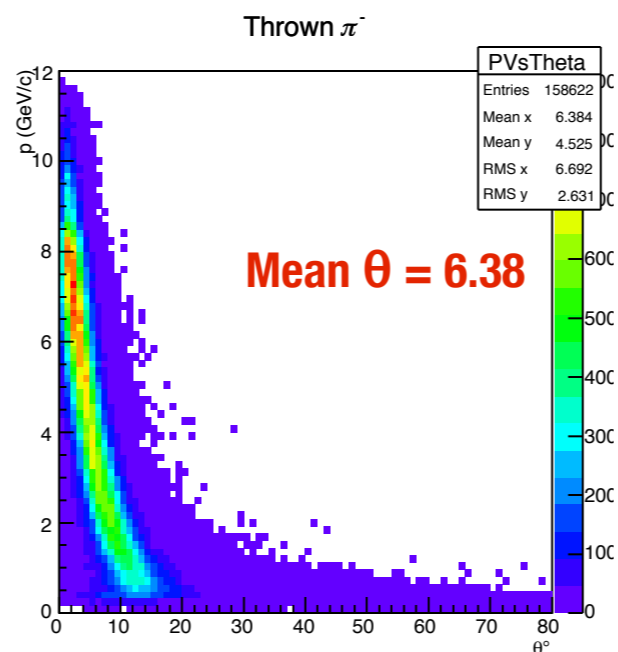
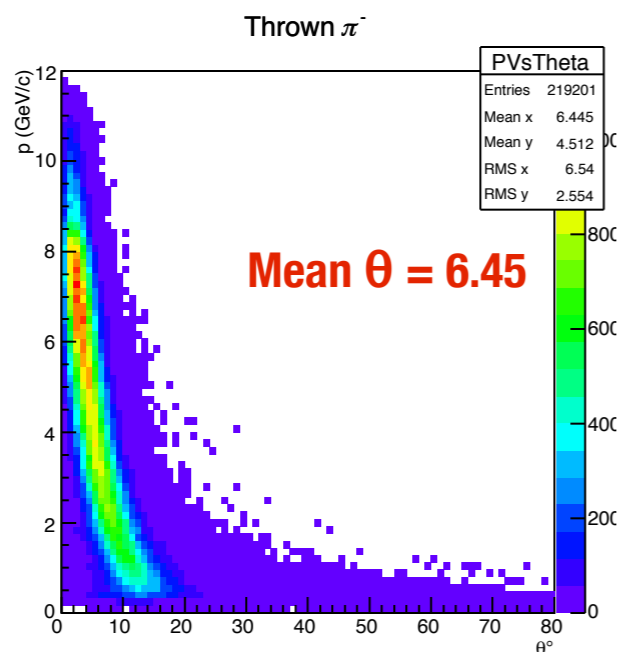
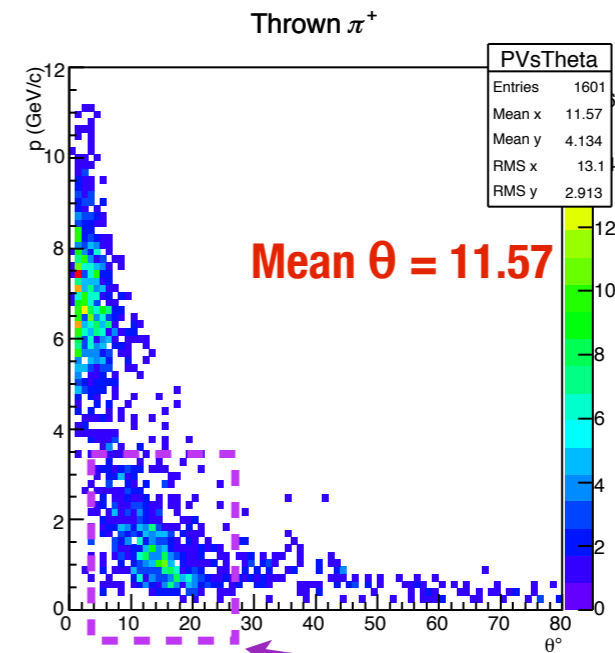
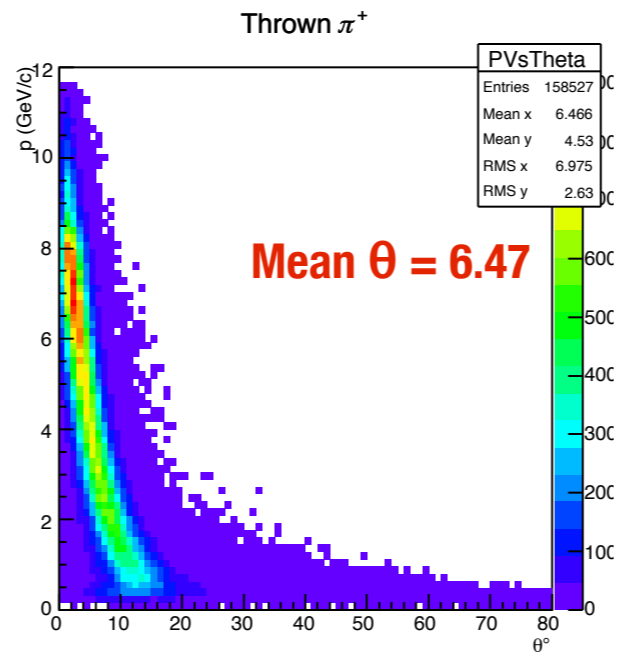
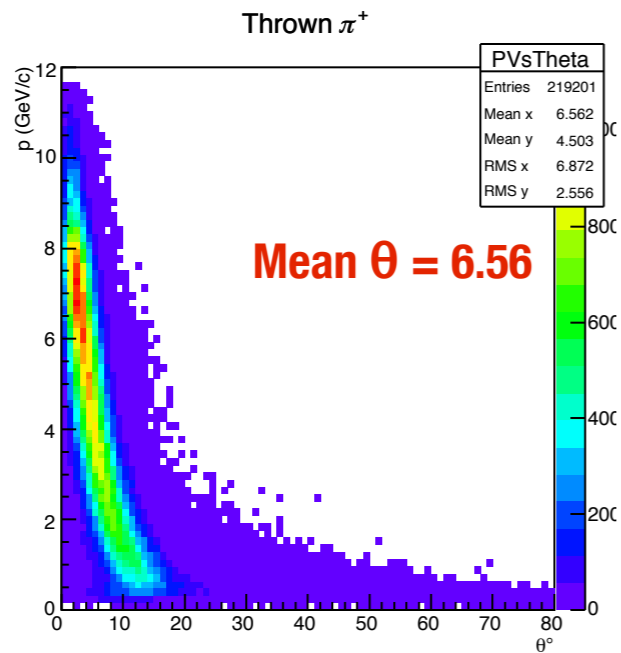


$$\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^-$$

Generated

Fail reco

Pass reco,  
but fail L3



Wire-based tracking only for  $\theta < 15$

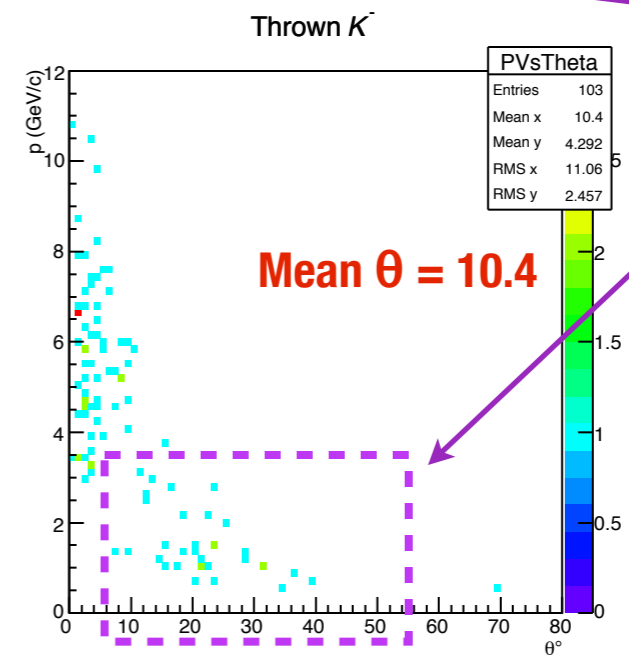
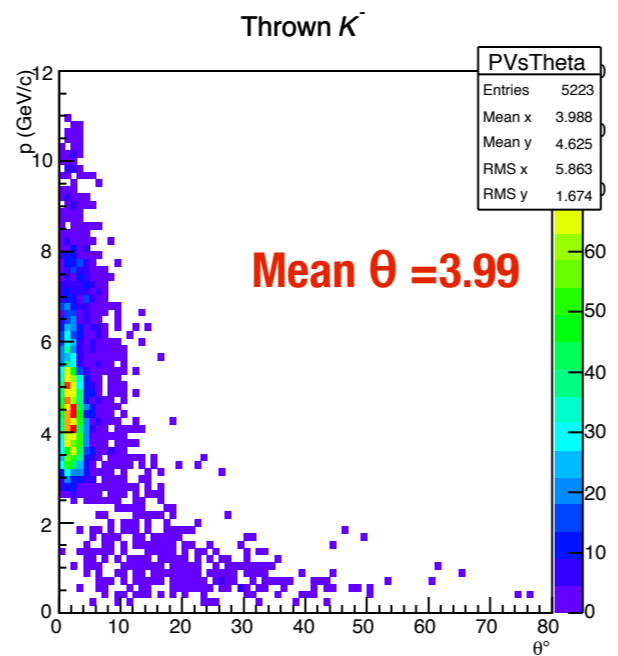
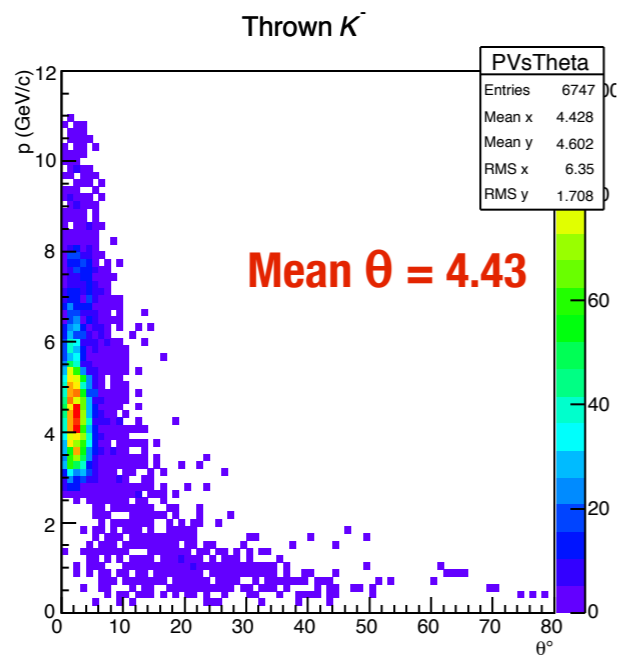
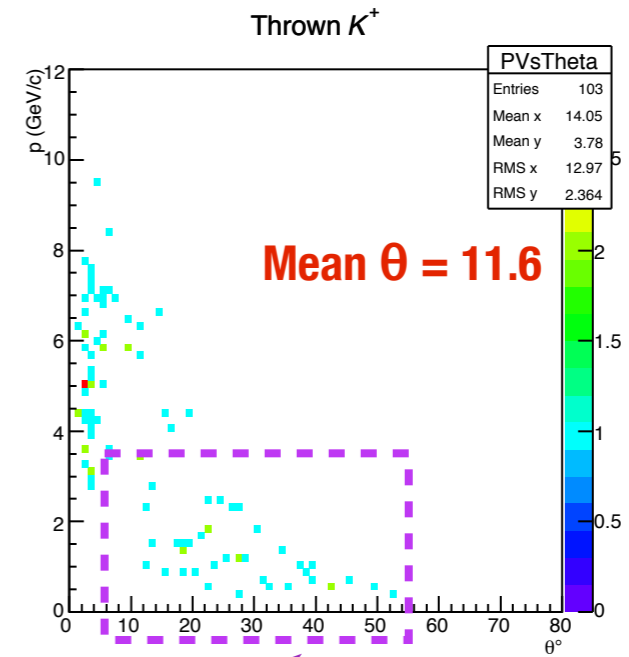
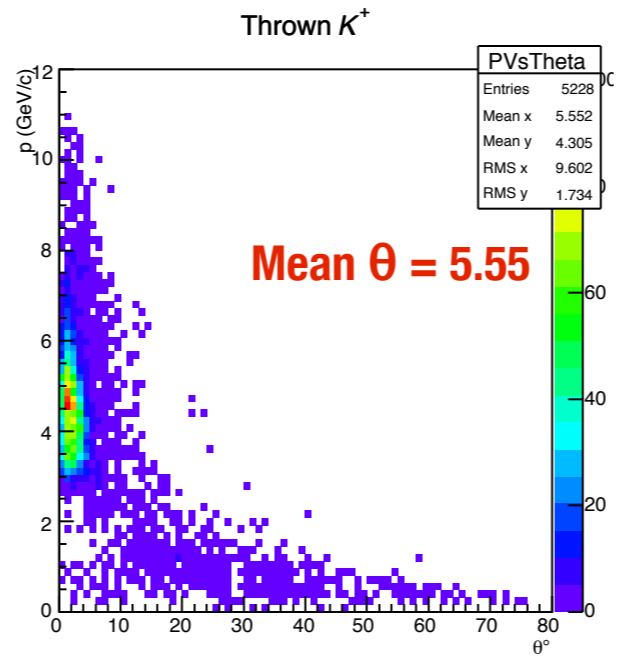
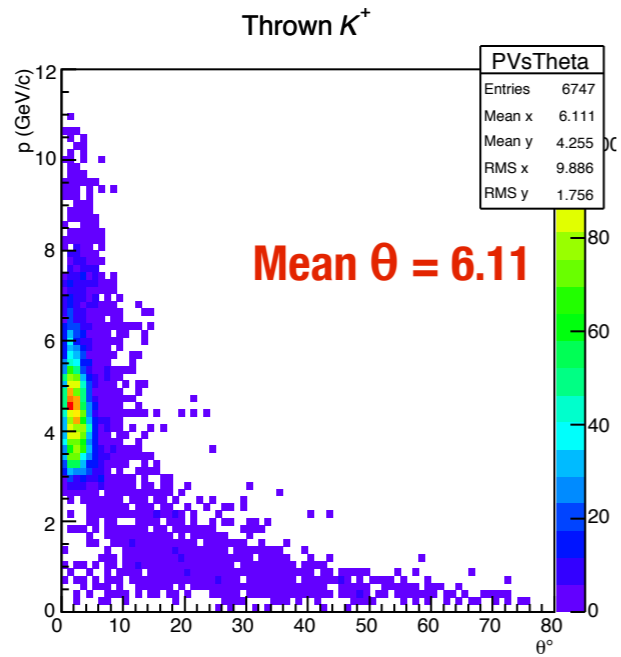
final states	Nsignal	fPYTHIA	$\epsilon(L1)$	$\epsilon(L3)$	$\epsilon(\text{reco})$	reco $\epsilon(L1)$	reco $\epsilon(L3)$
$p\pi^+\pi^-$	219201	10.96	0.40	0.89	0.27	0.53	0.97



**Generated**

**Fail reco**

**Pass reco,  
but fail L3**



**Wire-based  
tracking only  
for  $\theta < 15$**

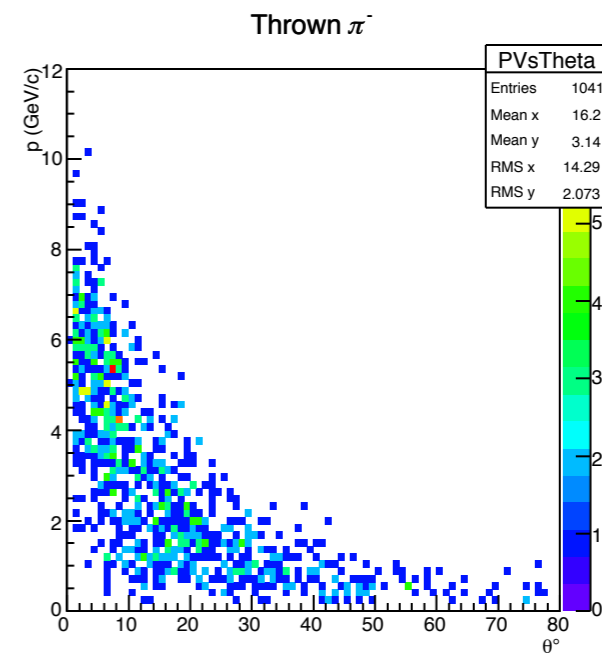
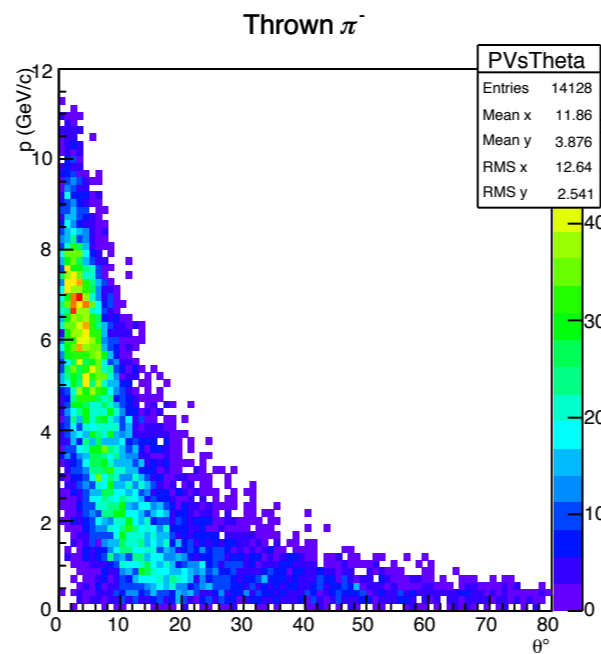
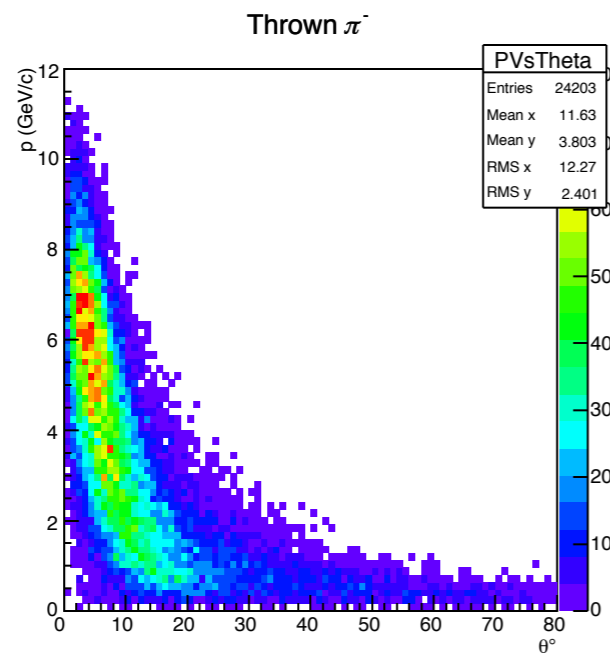
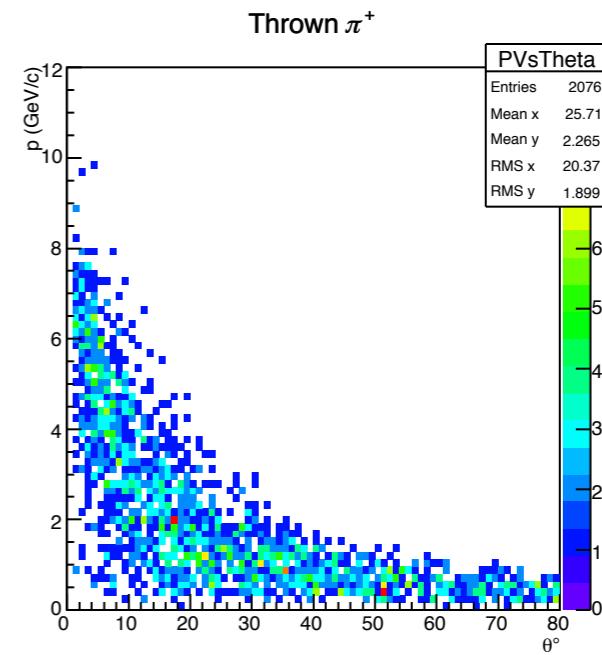
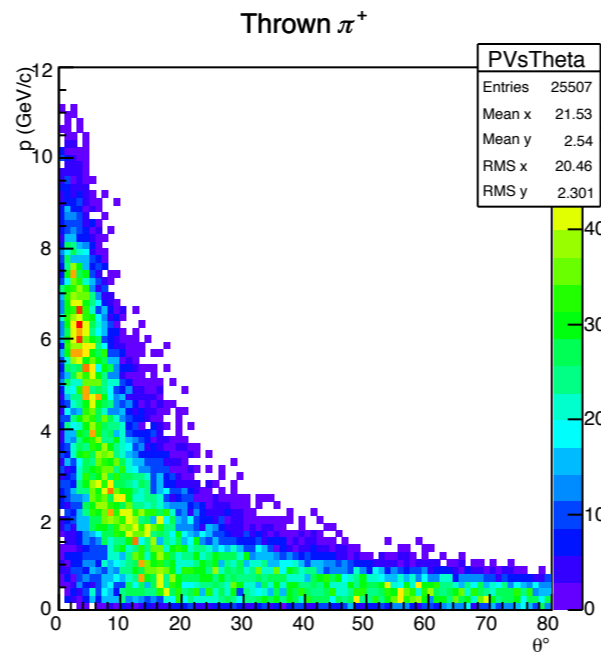
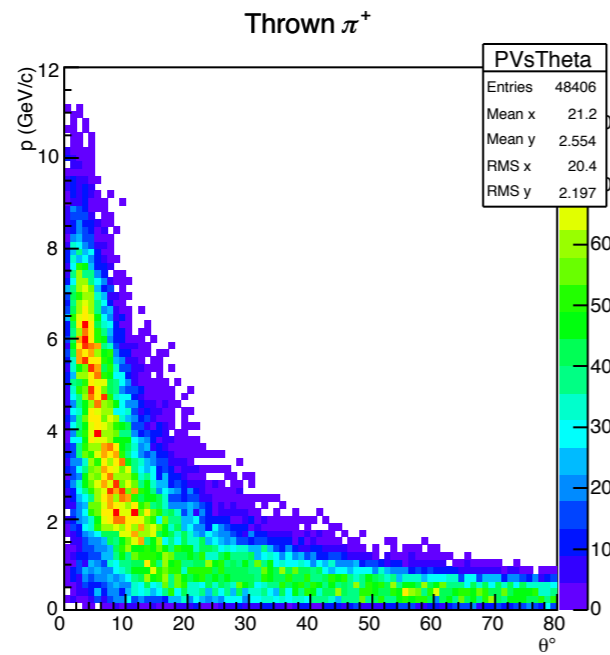
final states	Nsignal	fPYTHIA	$\epsilon(L1)$	$\epsilon(L3)$	$\epsilon(\text{reco})$	reco $\epsilon(L1)$	reco $\epsilon(L3)$
$pK^+K^-$	6747	0.34	0.35	0.77	0.22	0.56	0.93



Generated

Fail reco

Pass reco,  
but fail L3



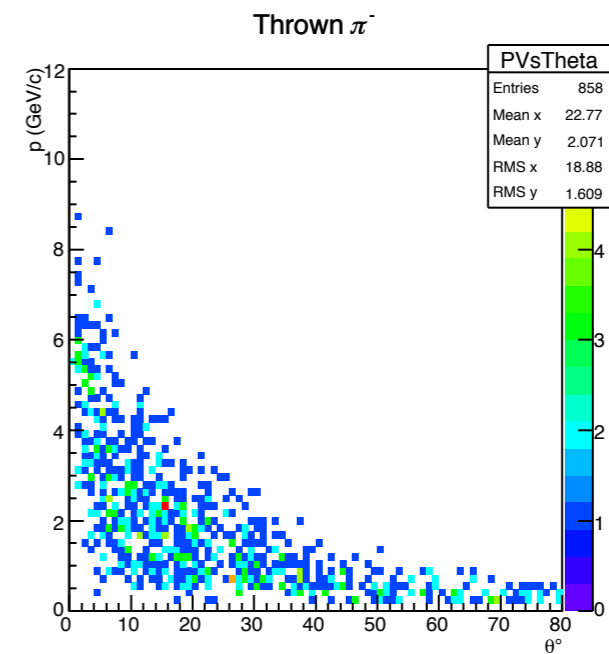
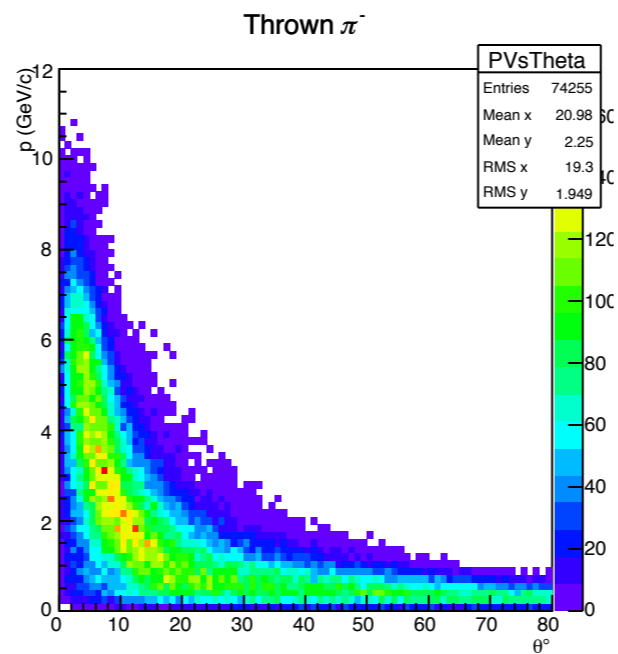
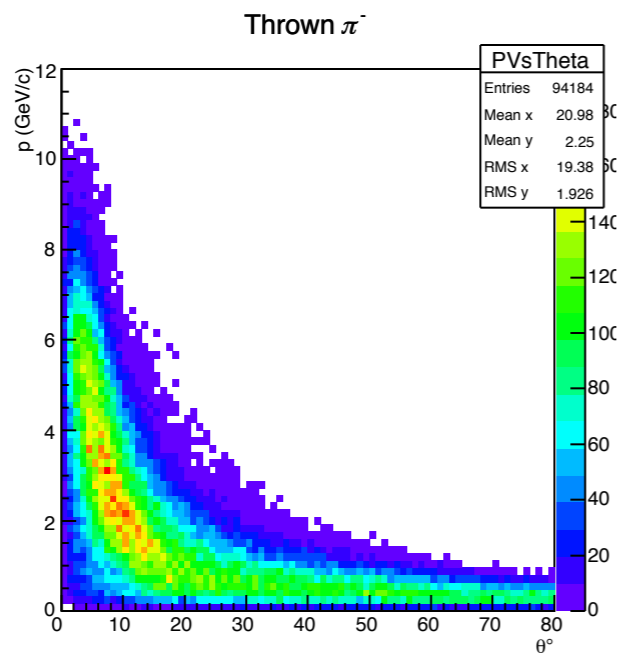
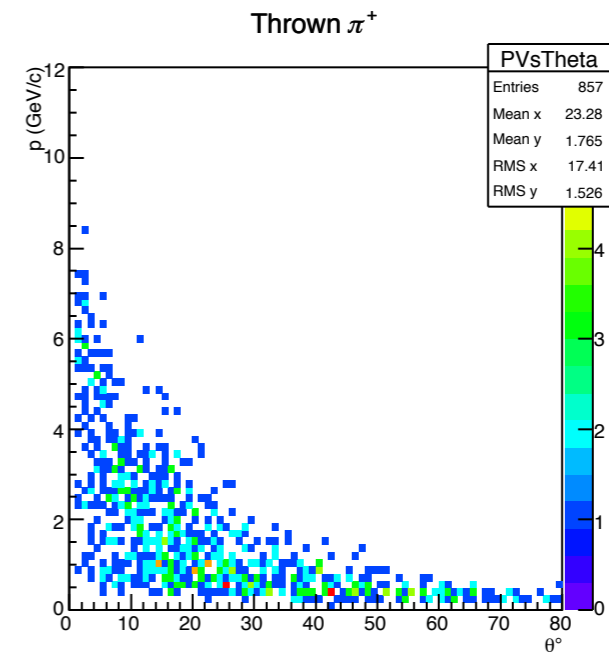
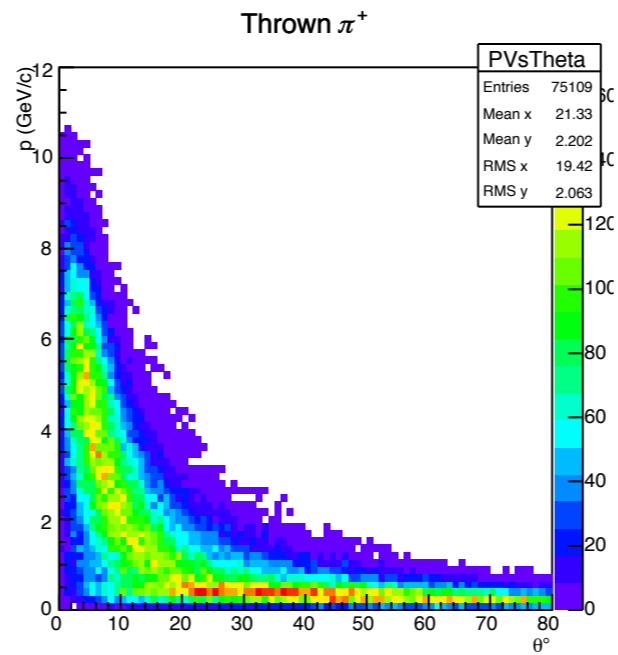
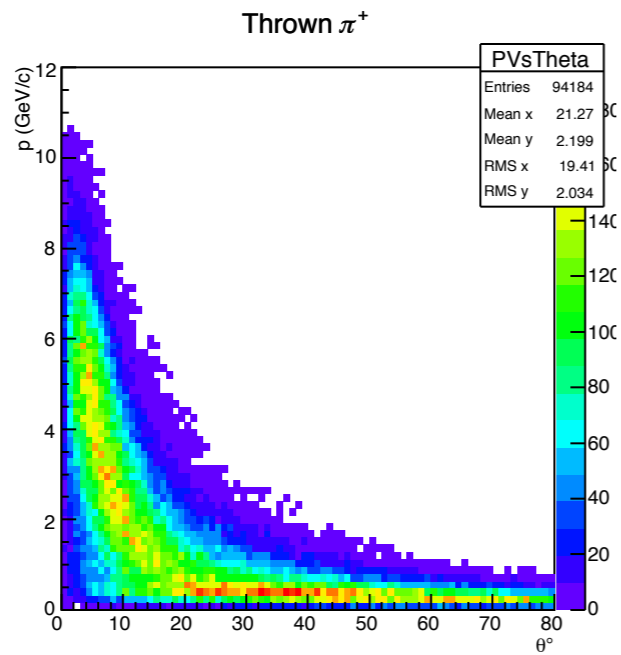
final states	Nsignal	fPYTHIA	$\epsilon(L1)$	$\epsilon(L3)$	$\epsilon(\text{reco})$	reco $\epsilon(L1)$	reco $\epsilon(L3)$
$n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+$	24203	1.21	0.76	0.83	0.41	0.79	0.89

$$\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

Generated

Fail reco

Pass reco,  
but fail L3



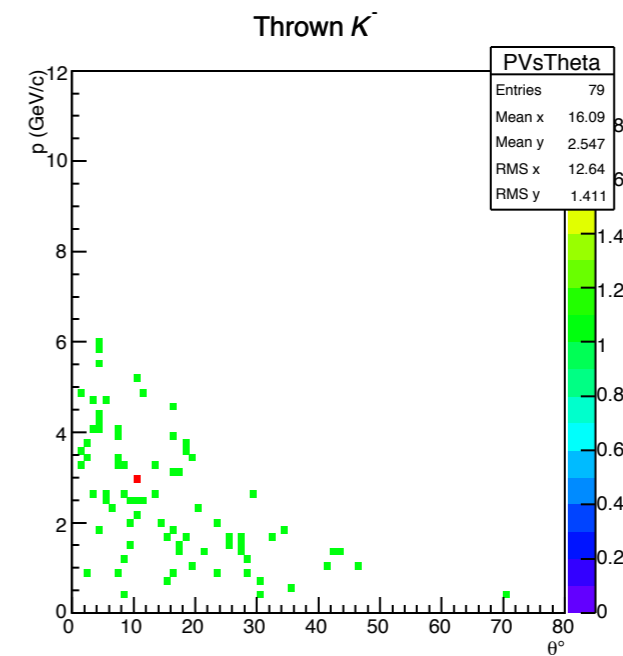
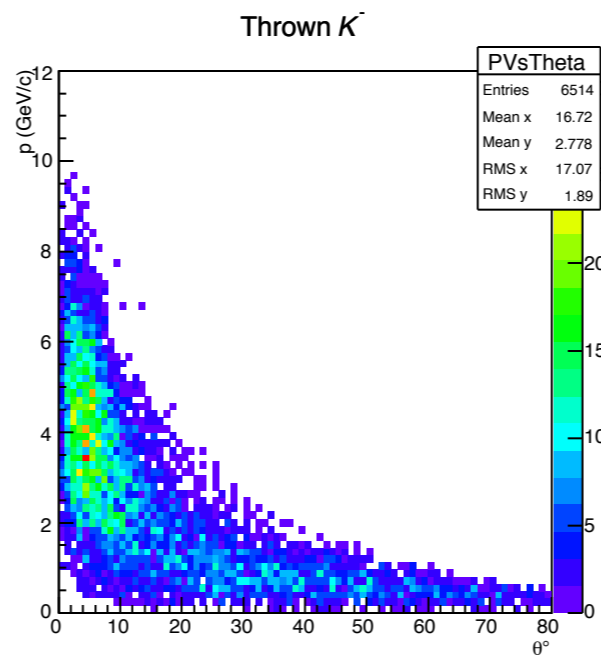
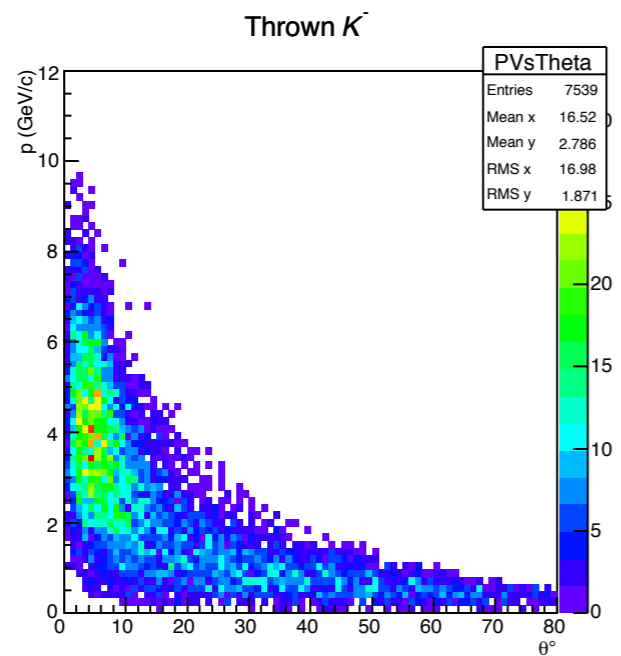
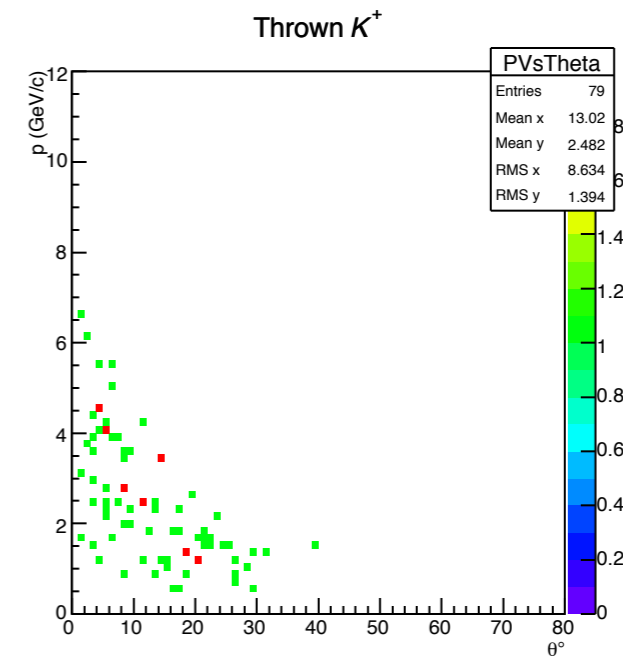
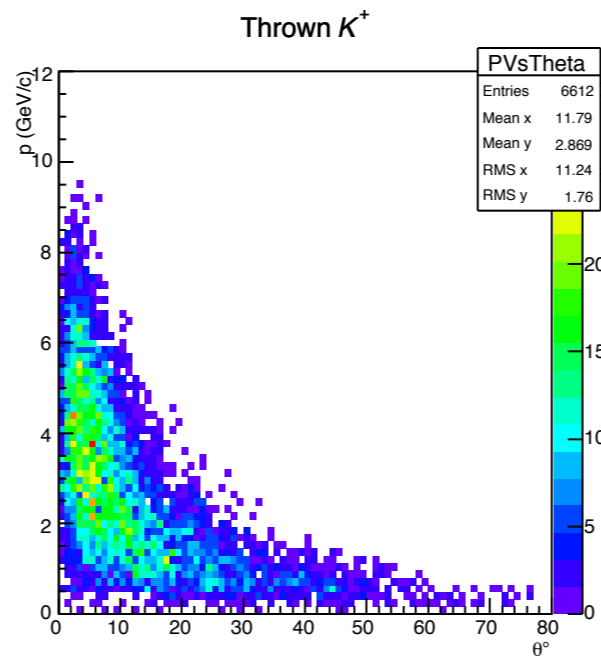
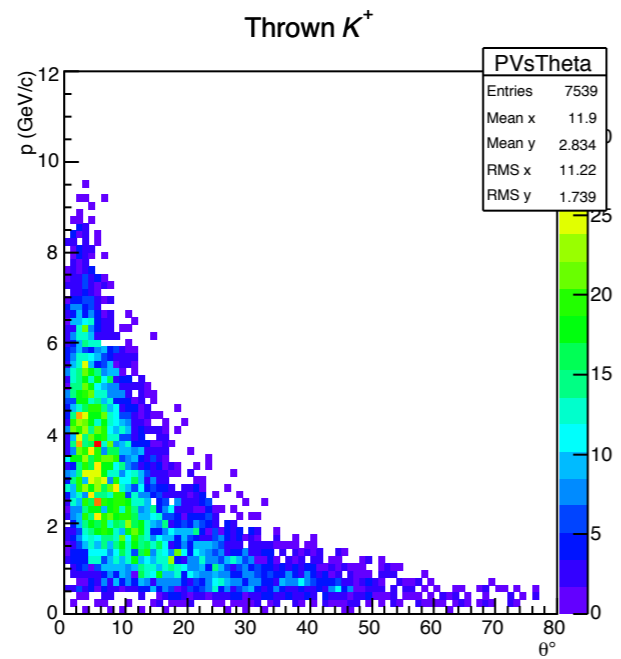
final states	Nsignal	fPYTHIA	$\epsilon(L1)$	$\epsilon(L3)$	$\epsilon(\text{reco})$	reco $\epsilon(L1)$	reco $\epsilon(L3)$
$p\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$	47092	2.35	0.91	0.86	0.14	0.95	0.93

$$\gamma p \rightarrow p K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

Generated

Fail reco

Pass reco,  
but fail L3



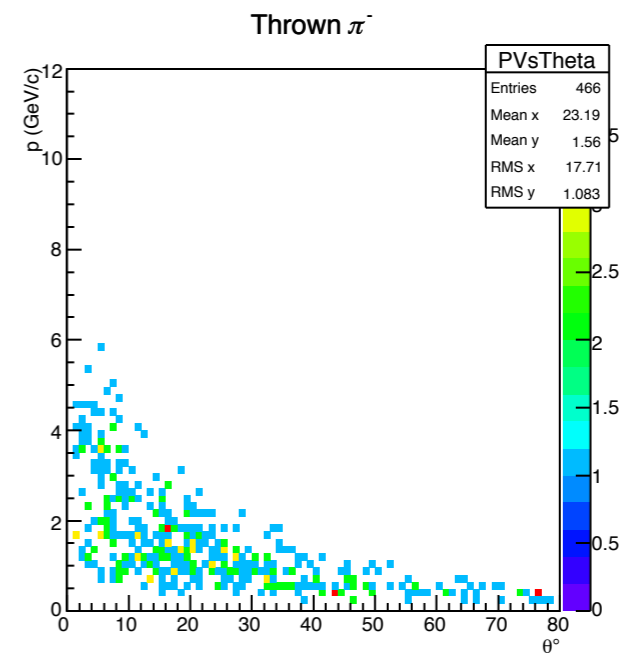
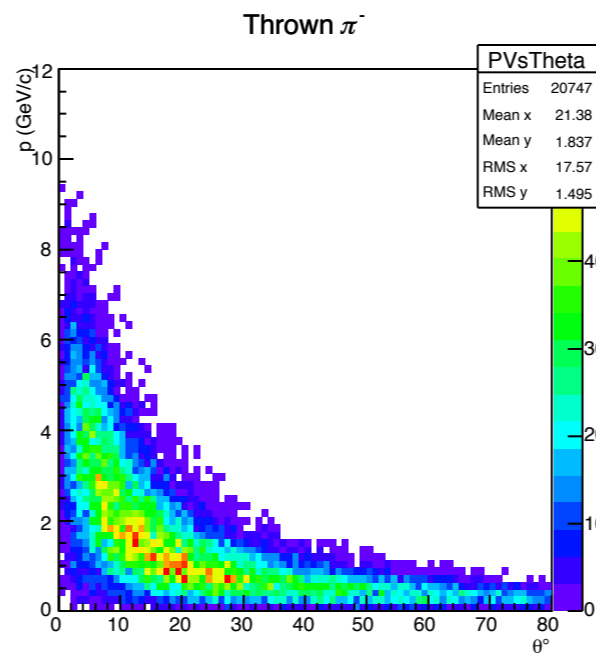
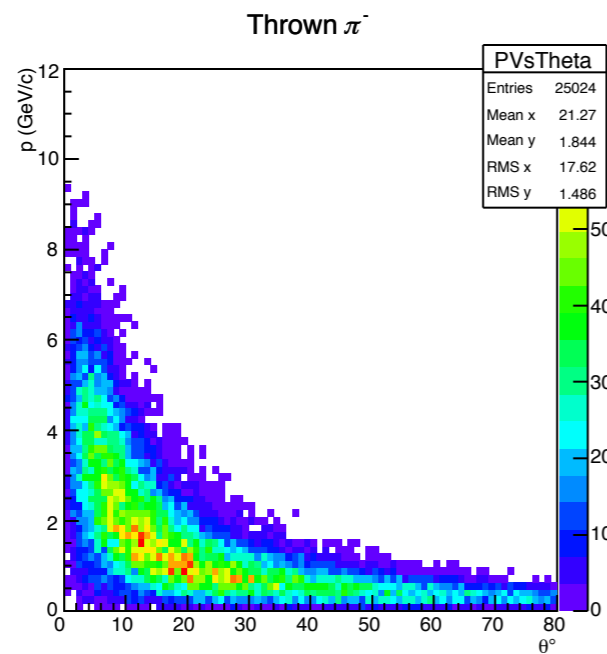
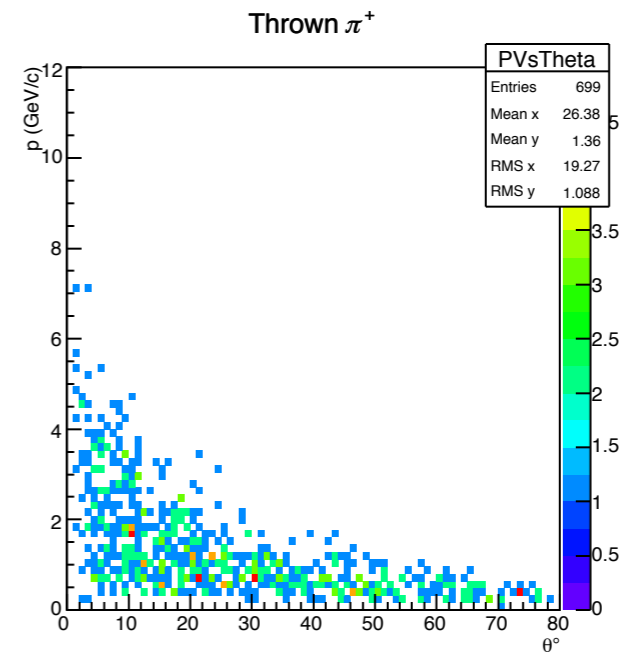
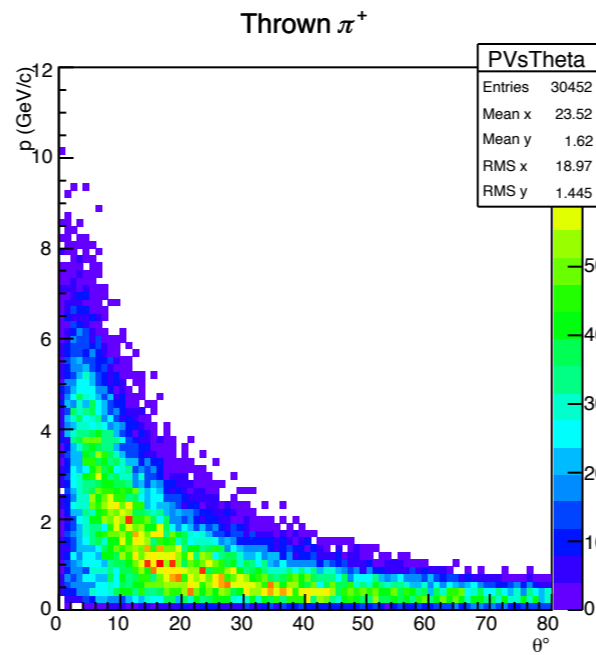
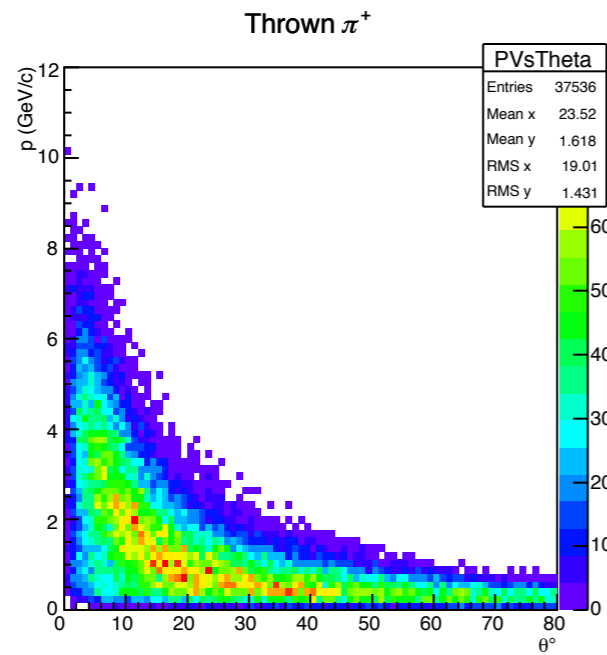
final states	Nsignal	fPYTHIA	$\epsilon(L1)$	$\epsilon(L3)$	$\epsilon(\text{reco})$	reco $\epsilon(L1)$	reco $\epsilon(L3)$
$pK^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$	7539	0.38	0.91	0.82	0.12	0.95	0.91



Generated

Fail reco

Pass reco,  
but fail L3



final states	Nsignal	fPYTHIA	$\epsilon(L1)$	$\epsilon(L3)$	$\epsilon(\text{reco})$	reco $\epsilon(L1)$	reco $\epsilon(L3)$
$n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+$	12512	0.63	0.95	0.79	0.12	0.98	0.85

# Summary

- ✱ Studied trigger efficiency for low photon multiplicity final states with and without requiring events to be reconstructed offline
- ✱ See increase in efficiency for “reconstructable” events relative to all generated events, as expected
- ✱ L3 efficiency for these events is at  $\sim 0.95$  for proton topologies and  $\sim 0.88$  for neutron topologies
- ✱ Remaining events which fail L3 trigger appear to be related to poor DTrackCandidate resolution for  $\theta > 15^\circ$

# Thoughts for discussion another time

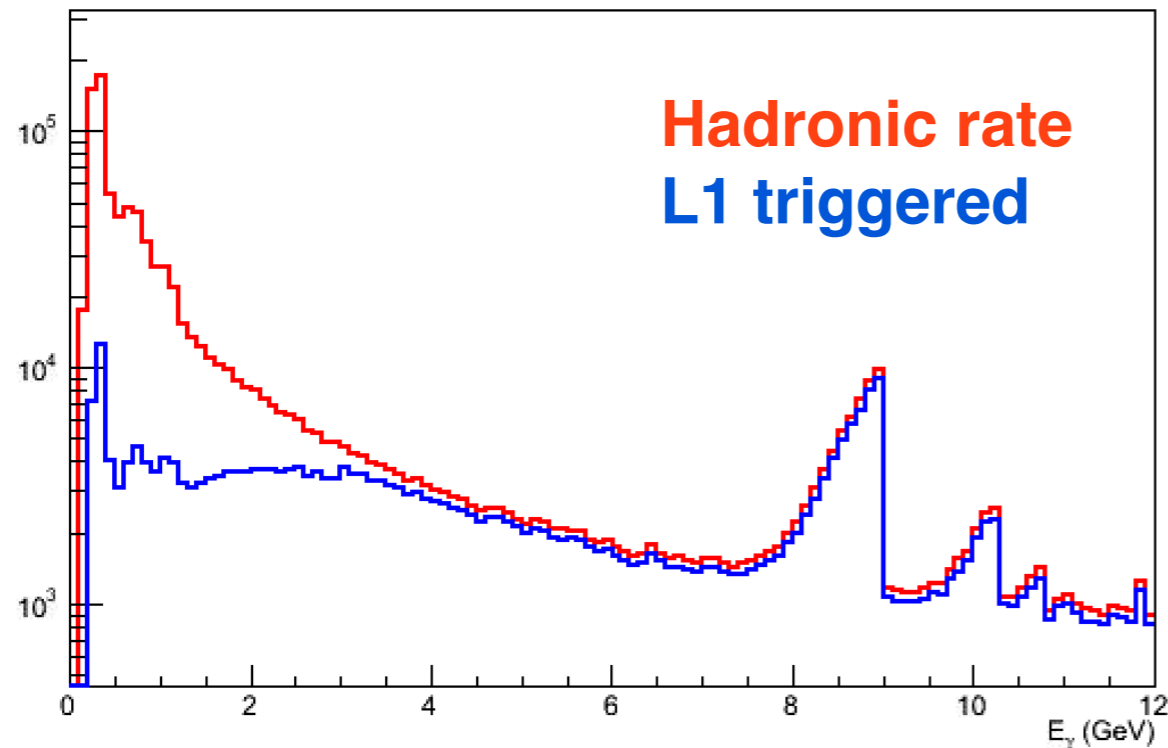
- \* Fall commissioning run:
  - \* Will L3 be included in passthrough mode?
  - \* Any use for low-level L3 algorithm for testing/monitoring later in the fall?
- \* L3 information in event stream:
  - \* Starting to think about usefulness of storing information used in L3 decision for use in offline analysis
  - \* eg. pointer to raw hits used in tracking could be useful to emulate L3 decision offline with improved calibrations



# Backup

# Level-1 Trigger

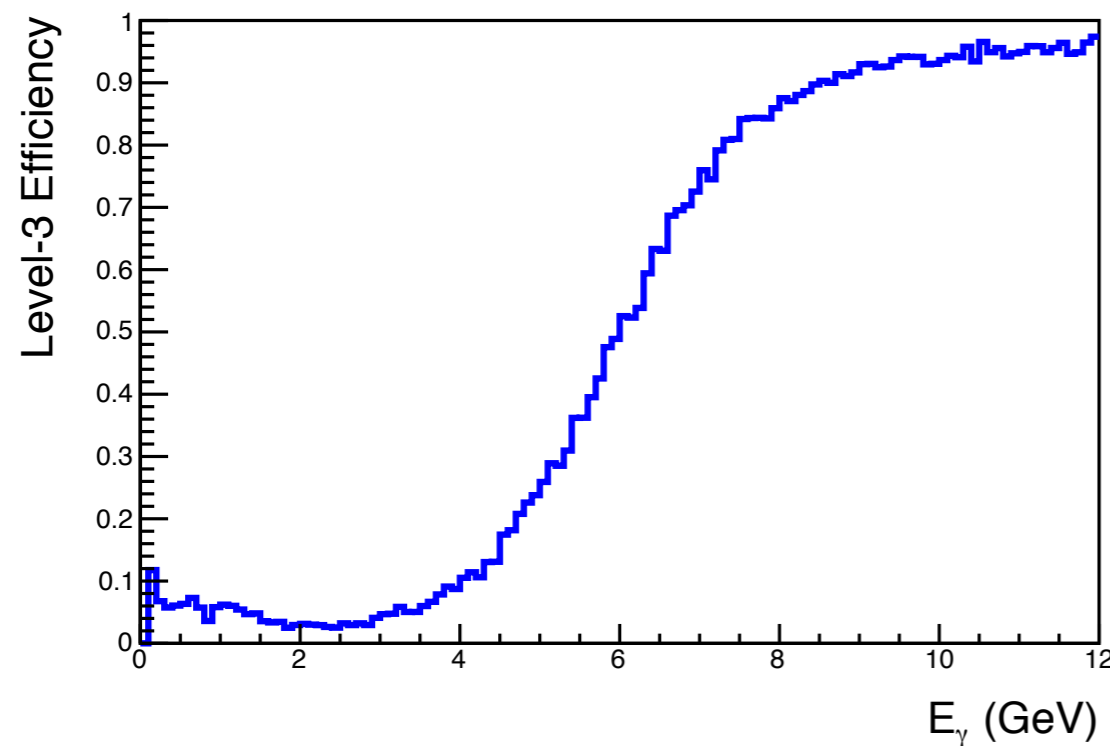
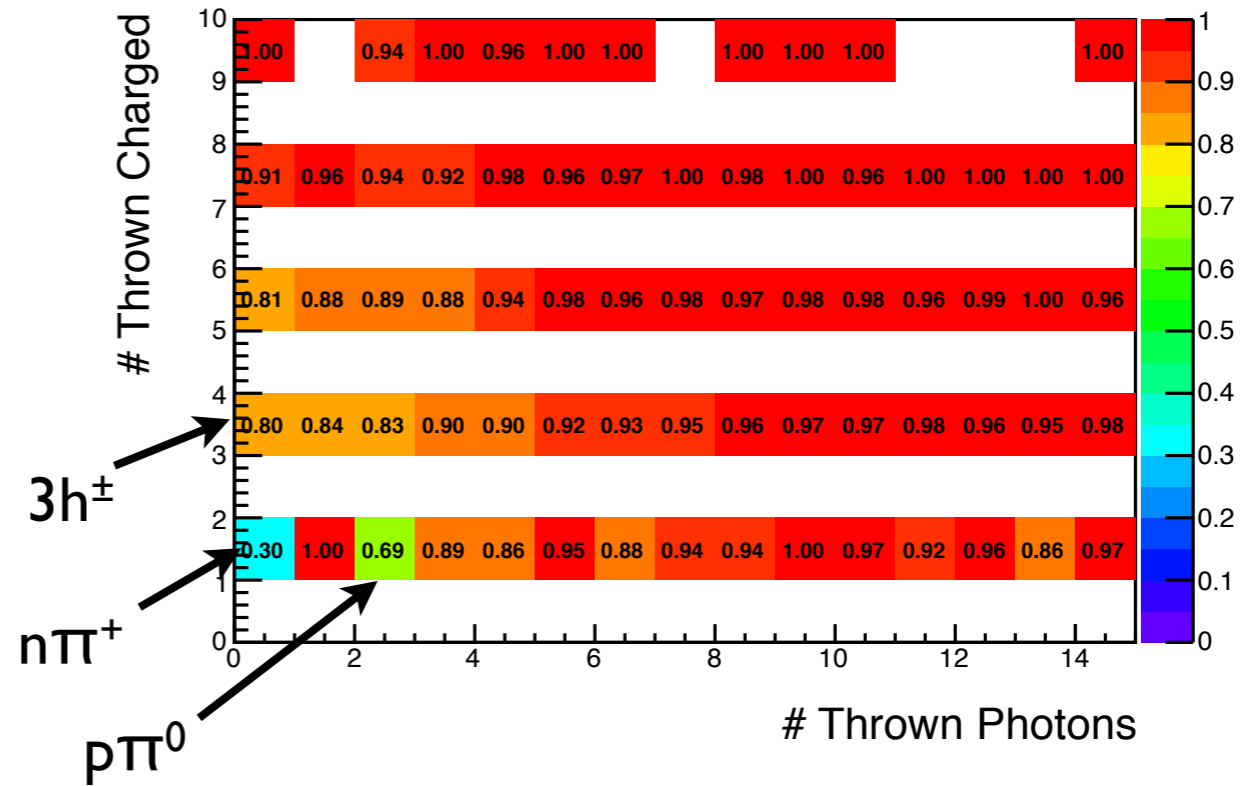
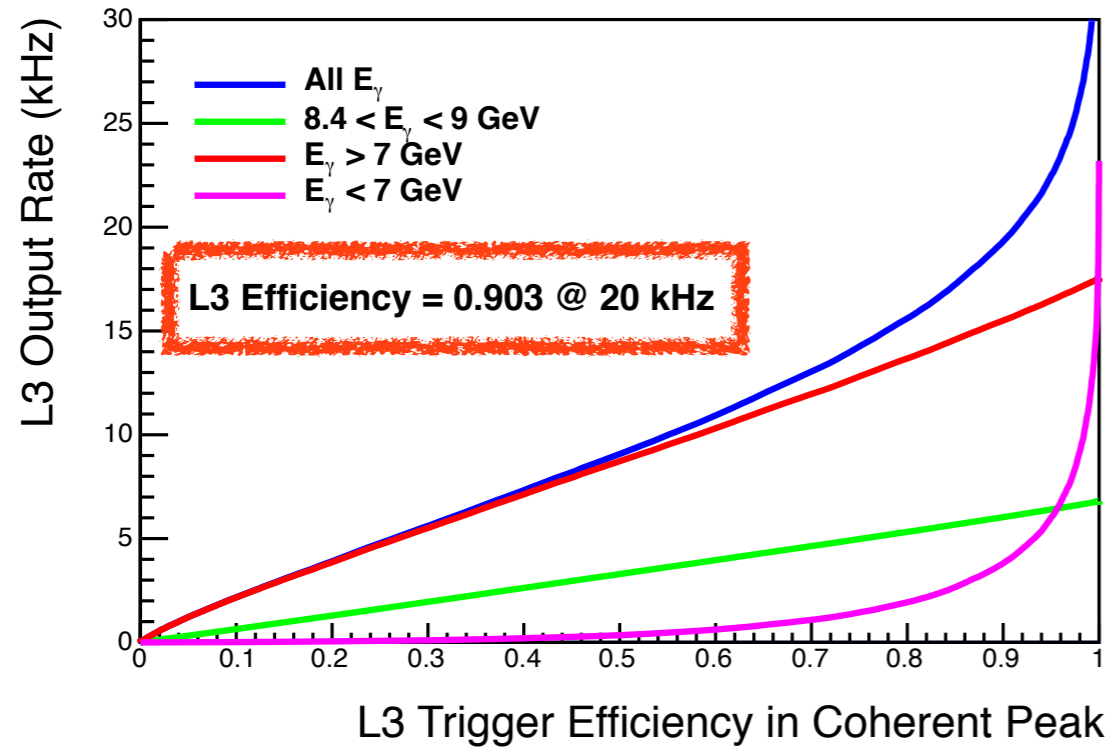
GlueX-doc-1043: Implemented in DMCTrigger



- \* Sample of bggen events with high-luminosity EM pileup
- \* Define “signal” as  $E_\gamma > 7$  GeV and “background”  $E_\gamma < 7$  GeV
- \* Accept events which fire L1a or L1b emulated trigger
- \* Reject  $\sim 77\%$  of background with signal efficiency of 92%
- \* So far haven’t considered EM only background rate

```
bool sum_cut = (Ebc1 + 4.0*Efc1)>=2.0;  
trig->L1a_fired = sum_cut && Ebc1>0.200 && Efc1>0.030;  
trig->L1b_fired = sum_cut && Ebc1>0.030 && Efc1>0.030 && Nschits>0;
```

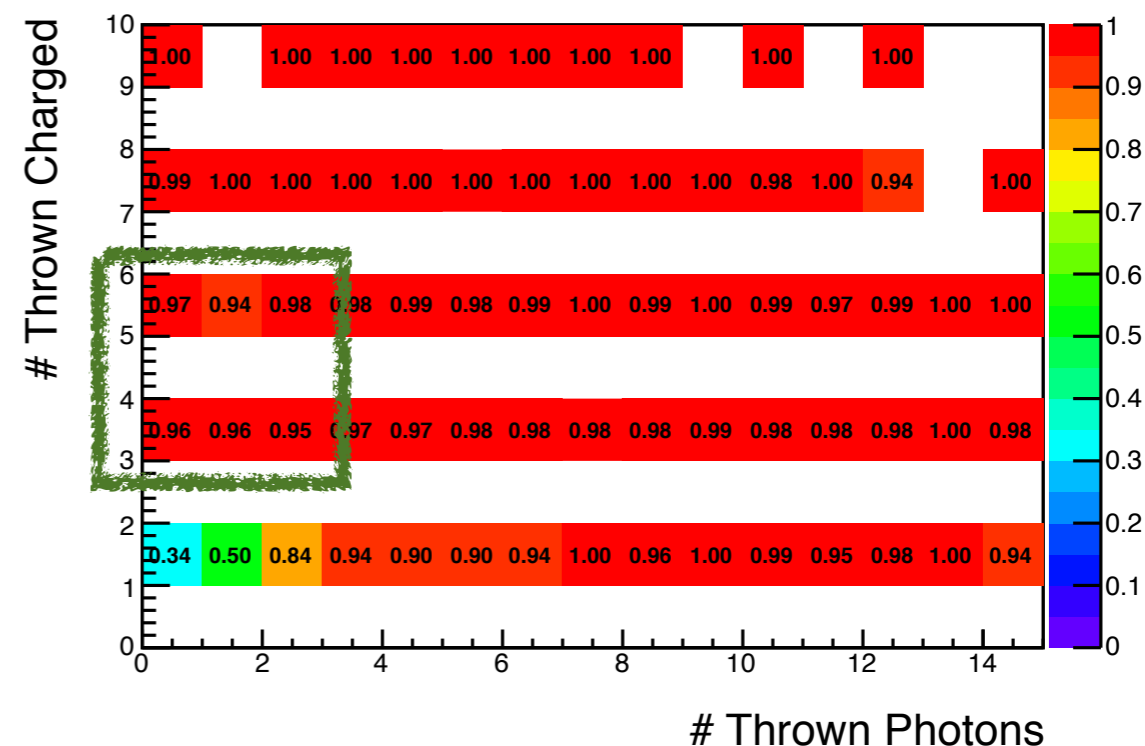
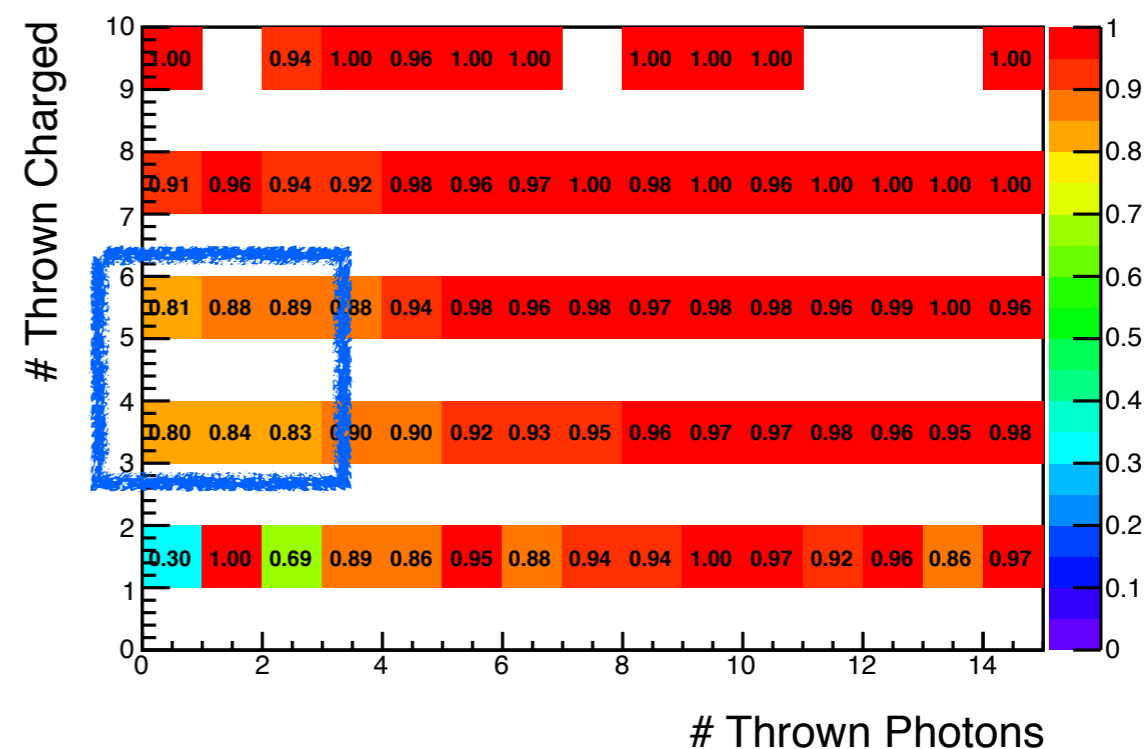
# Level-3 Evaluation Reminder



- Critical variables for BDT are sum of BCAL and FCAL energy as well as track momentum sum
- For a rate of 20 kHz, achieve ~90% L3 average efficiency in the coherent peak
- Events with less photons have lower efficiency (~80% for zero photons)

# Algorithm Improvements

- \* Lowest efficiency for channels with low photon multiplicity, which have been the focus of many physics analyses ( $n3\pi$ , PAC40, PID upgrade)
- \* Using DTrackCandidates is limiting the L3 trigger, not calorimeter reconstruction
- \* To confirm use the MC truth information for charged particles, and get much higher L3 efficiency (no neutron info)
- \* Try using more sophisticated track reconstruction algorithm (DTrackWireBased) keeping in mind the CPU penalty



# Algorithm timing: A staged approach

- \* I've been testing the algorithms on the online "gluon" cluster (using one of the nodes designated for the L3 farm)
- \* So far only testing the reconstruction portion of the algorithm, *ie.* not converting from EVIO using translation tables, etc.
- \* The new algorithm uses **hybrid tracking** and is also "staged" by:
  - \* Training multiple BDTs, using subsets of the variables from the fast detectors
  - \* Reject background events which fail a cut on the BDT response at each stage, while maintaining 99% efficiency for the signal events (reduces event rate for track reconstruction from ~50 kHz input rate to ~38 kHz)

Stage	BDT Variables	Output Rate (kHz)
1	SC+FCAL	42.8
2	SC+FCAL+TOF	41.6
3	SC+FCAL+TOF+BCAL	38.3

- \* Although we've added a more CPU intensive tracking algorithm, the net processing rate compared to the algorithm used in the ODC **is only ~10% slower**

# Level-3 Node Count

- \* During the Fall 2013 Online Data Challenge (ODC) achieved an L3 processing rate of ~1.6 kHz/node with borrowed machines (includes ~25% hyperthread gain)
- \* Currently have 10 nodes (16 cores each) in the counting house with better specs (8 assigned to L3 at the moment)
- \* Scaling by increased performance for the new nodes corresponds to an L3 processing rate of ~3.9 kHz/node
  - \* The version of the L3 algo used did not do any “staging” to make decisions based on SC/TOF/FCAL/BCAL before spending time on tracking
  - \* It also only used DTrackCandidates instead of DTrackWireBased (would slow down by factor of ~2-3 if wanted to use wire based for all tracks)

Phase	Photon Rate	Nominal L1 Rate	Required Nodes
III	$1 \times 10^7$	20 kHz	5
IV	$5 \times 10^7$	100 kHz	25
IV+	$1 \times 10^8$	200 kHz	50

**The 10 nodes we have now will allow us to tag events with L3 in 2016**

**ODC info: <http://argus.phys.uregina.ca/cgi-bin/private/DocDB/ShowDocument?docid=2341>**