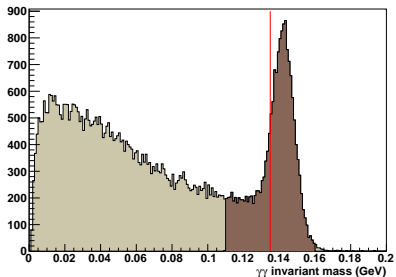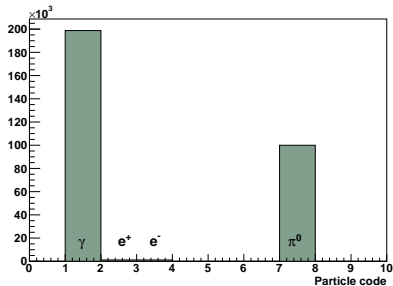π^0 acceptance of the GlueX detector, Pb target, 0.028 cm thick, Z_0=65 cm, Z-shift=-1 cm
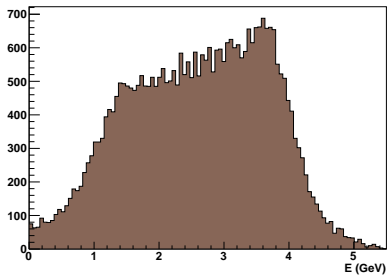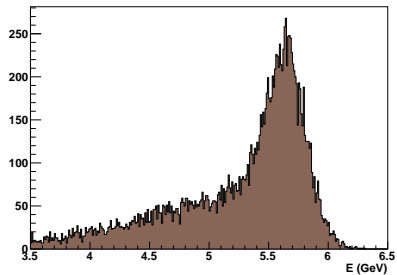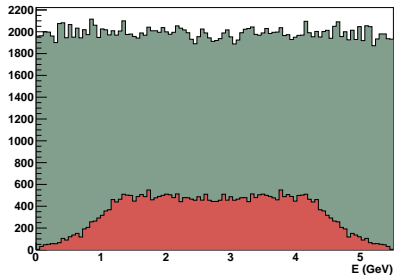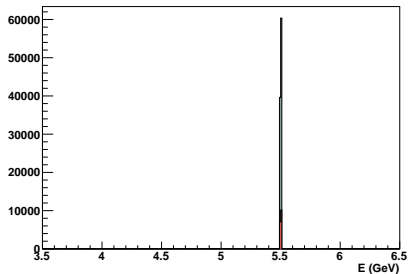
Alexander Mushkarenkov

April 4, 2013

Generated and reconstructed π^0
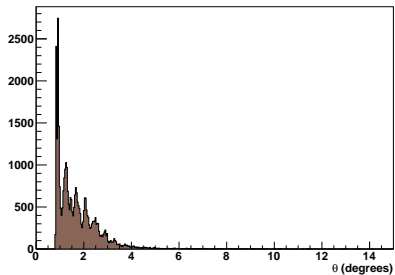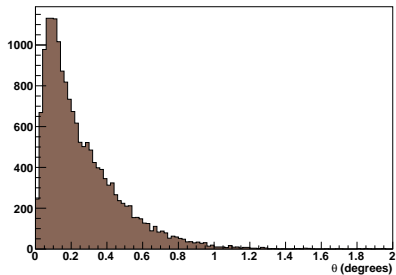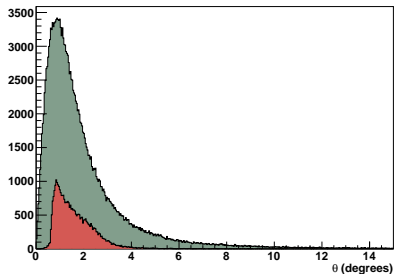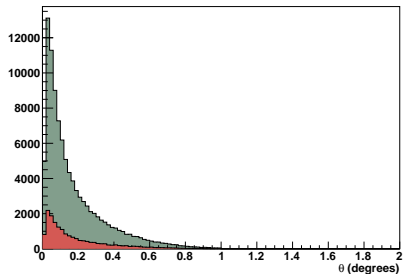

- ▶ $\pi^0 \to \gamma\gamma \approx 98.8$ %, $\pi^0 \to \gamma e^+ e^- \approx 1.17$ %;
- ▶ Pb target, 0.028 cm thick, Z_0=65 cm, Z-shift=-1 cm;
- ▶ The start counter removed;
- ▶ only the "Gamma" hypotheses were used (DKinematicData::t1_detector() returns SYS_FCAL);
- ▶ if > 2 "Gamma" hypotheses in a event then a pair producing the minimal $d = |m_{\gamma\gamma} - m_{\pi^0}|$ were selected;
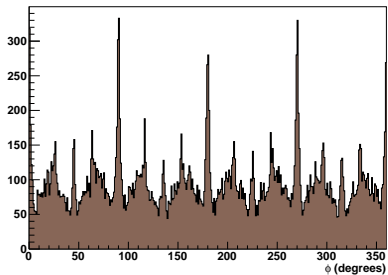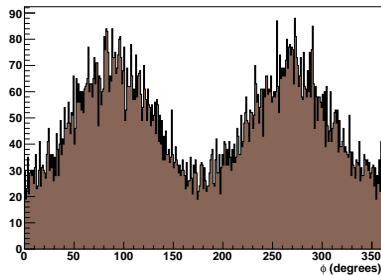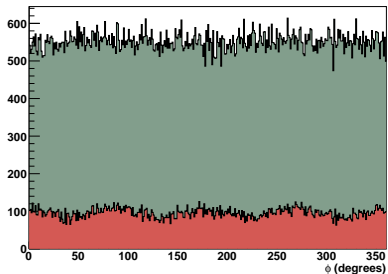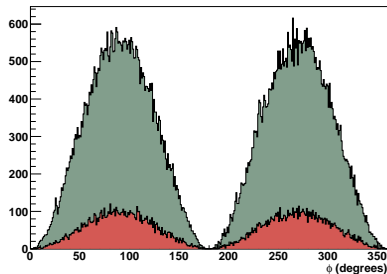- ▶ $|m_{\gamma\gamma} - m_{\pi^0}| < 0.025$ GeV.
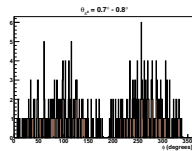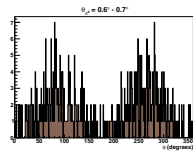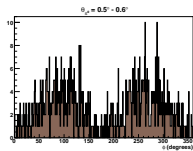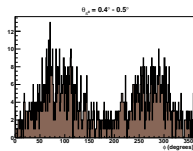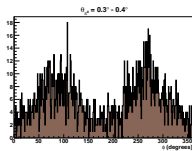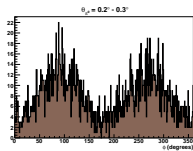
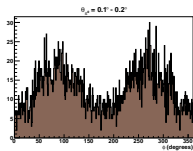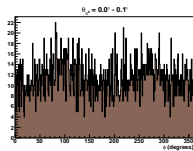# Generated and reconstructed energy of π^0 and γ

Generated and reconstructed θ of π^0 and γ

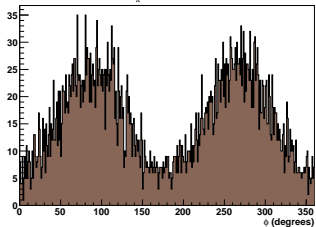Generated and reconstructed φ of π^0 and γ

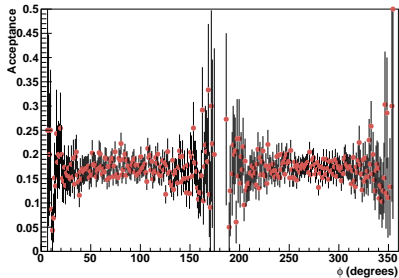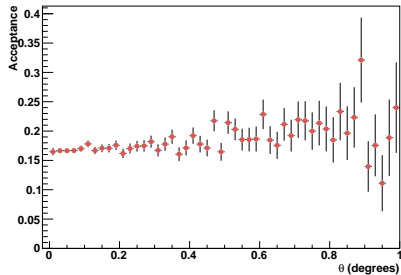# Reconstructed φ vs θ of π^0

Acceptance of π^0

Main source of inefficiency:

- The central (beam) hole;
- The detector granularity.