

PWA Challenge

Florida International University 2020

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Generated $4 \cdot 10^6$ ($p\eta\pi^0$) events with AmpTools

Generated amplitudes are

- S0/a0 (980 MeV)
- D1/a2 (1320 MeV)
- P1/ π_1 (1400 MeV) (**exotic**)
- G1/a $_2'$ (1700)

J-Spin

M-absolute value of spin projection along z axis

ϵ -reflectivity

| J | M | ϵ | Real | Imaginary | BW Mass | BW Width |
|---|---|------------|------|-----------|---------|----------|
| 0 | 0 | -1 | 2000 | 0 | 0.98 | 0.075 |
| 1 | 1 | +1 | 60 | 140 | 1.354 | 0.330 |
| 2 | 1 | +1 | 1000 | 0 | 1.318 | 0.111 |
| 4 | 1 | +1 | 0 | 20 | 1.995 | 0.257 |

Results with fitting in different bins of invariant mass of $\eta\pi^0$ and t

D1+

Bin M, t

$M(\eta\pi^0)$ range from 0.7 to 3

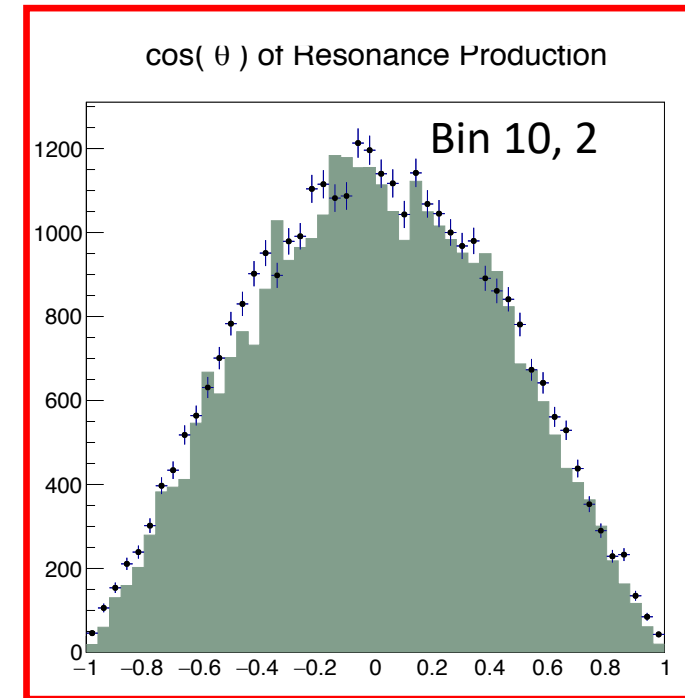
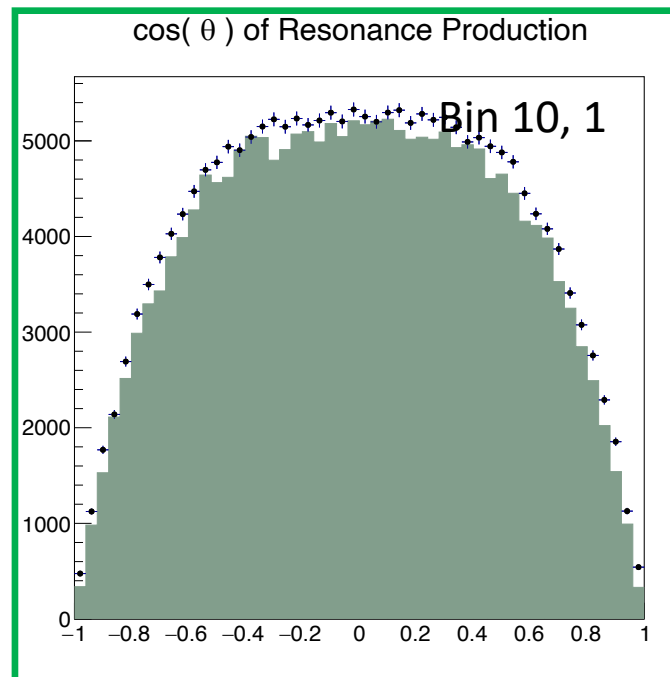
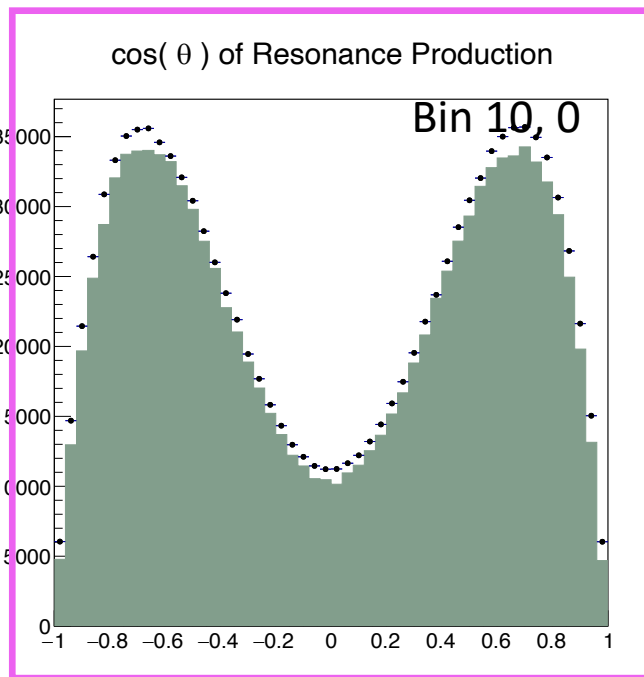
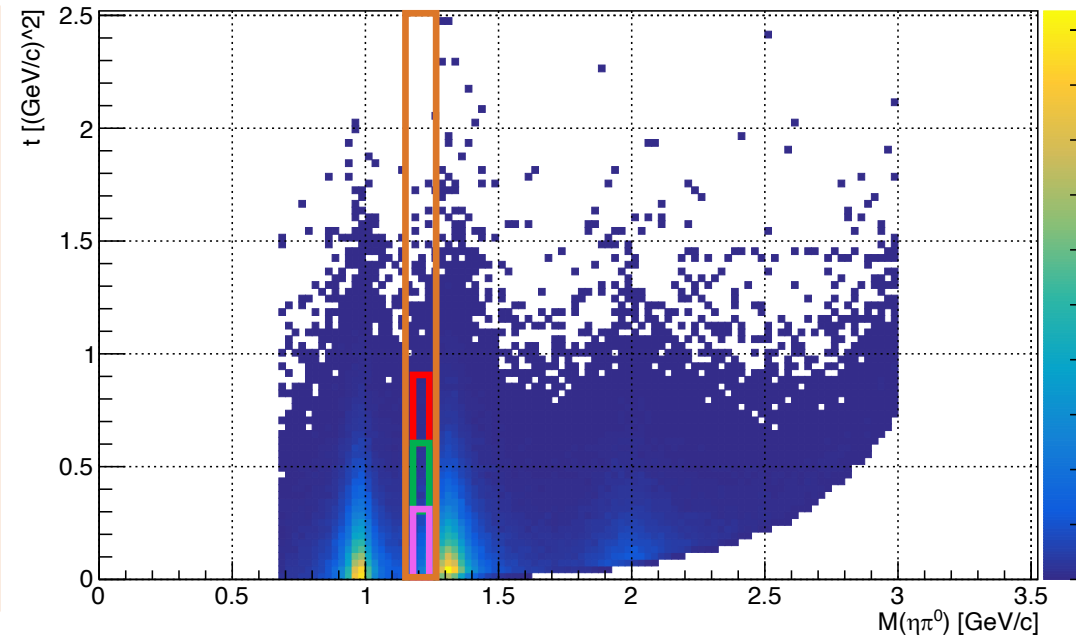
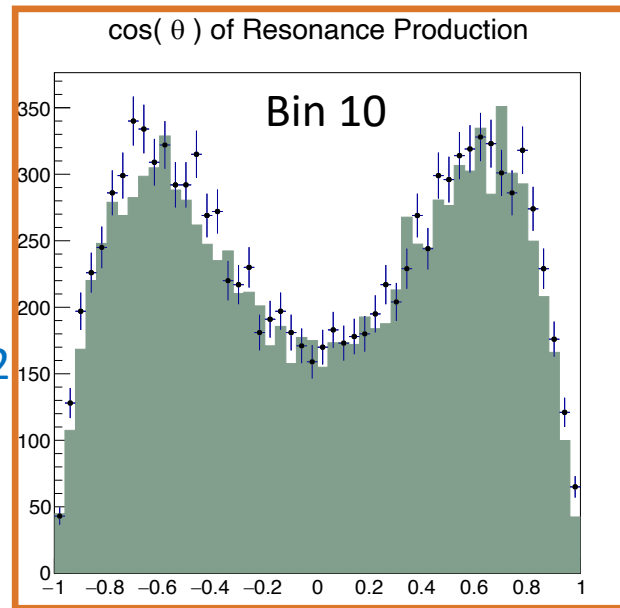
N bins=45

Bin width ≈ 0.051

t range from 0 to 1.2

N bins=4

Bin width ≈ 0.3



Results with fitting in different bins of invariant mass of $\eta\pi^0$ and t ($4 \cdot 10^6$ events)

Bin 10, 0

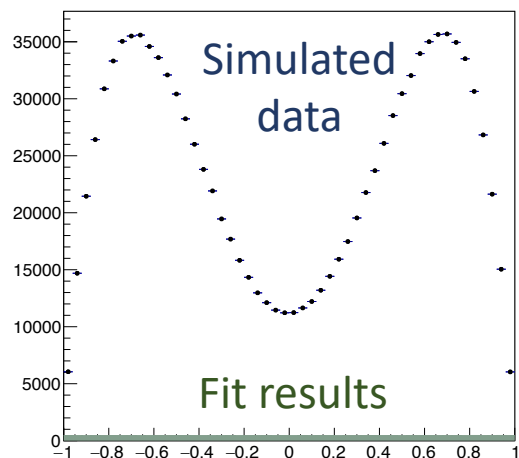
S0-

P0-

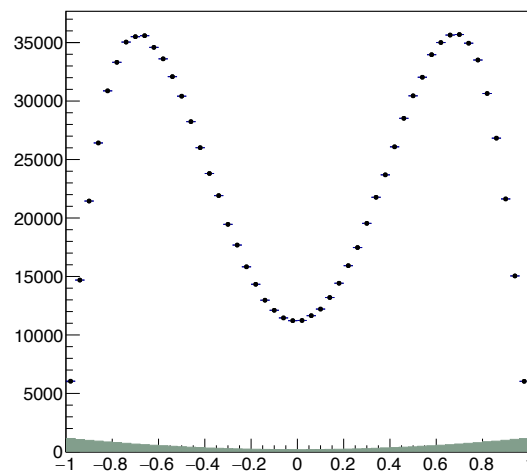
P1-

P1+

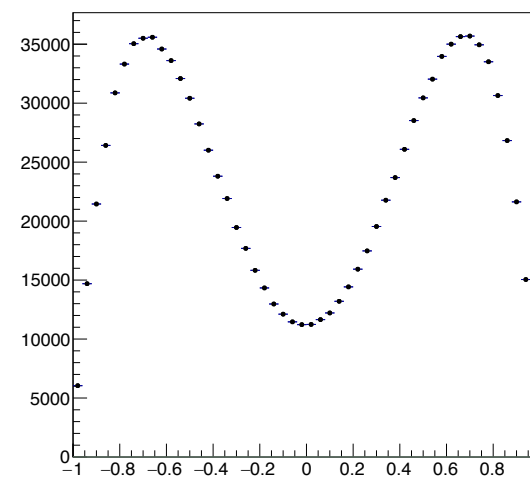
cos(θ) of Resonance Production



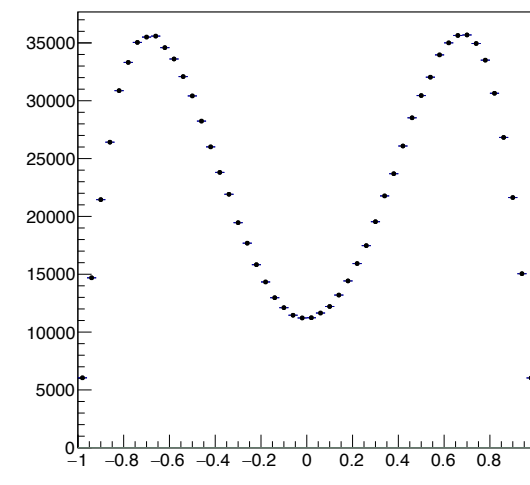
cos(θ) of Resonance Production



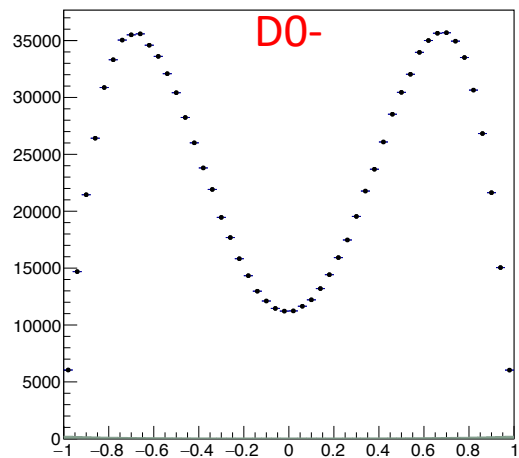
cos(θ) of Resonance Production



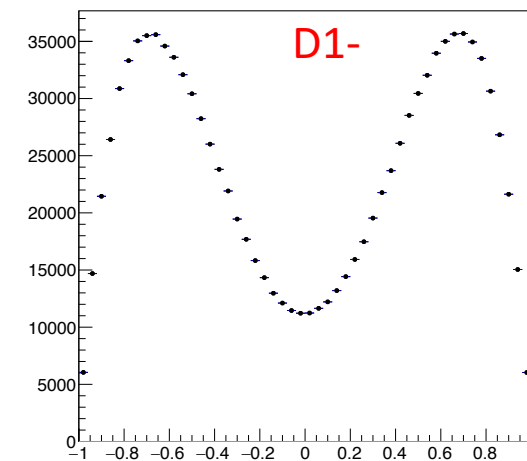
cos(θ) of Resonance Production



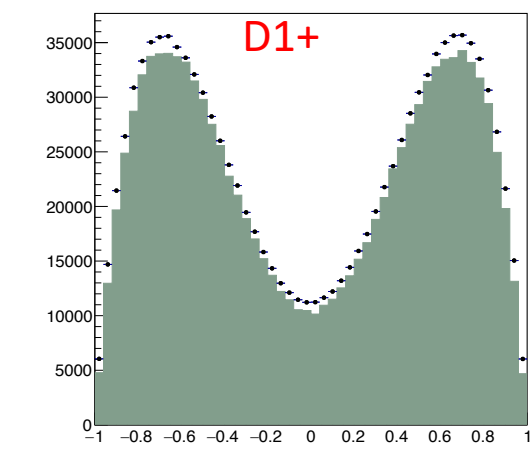
cos(θ) of Resonance Production



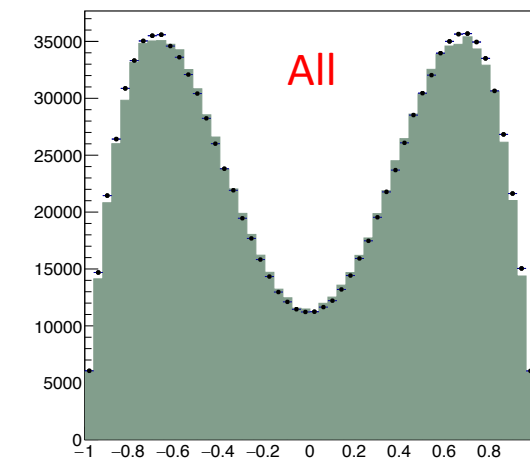
cos(θ) of Resonance Production



cos(θ) of Resonance Production



cos(θ) of Resonance Production

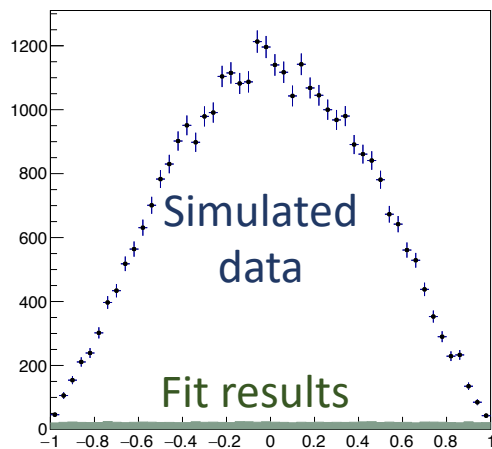


Results with fitting in different bins of invariant mass of $\eta\pi^0$ and t ($4 \cdot 10^6$ events)

Bin 10, 2

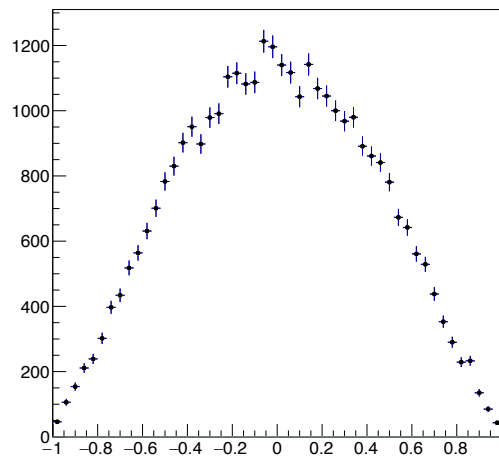
S0-

cos(θ) of Resonance Production



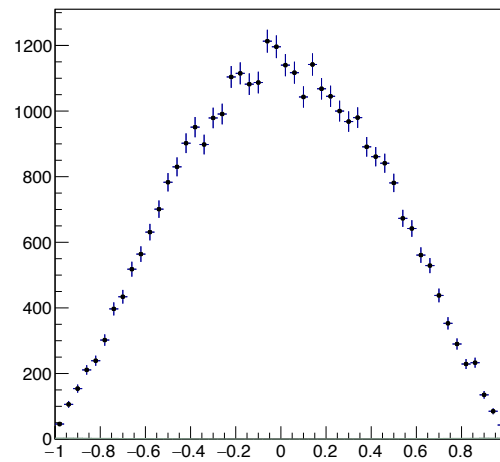
P0-

cos(θ) of Resonance Production



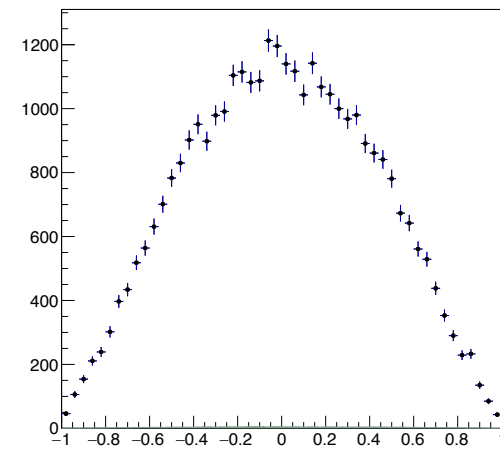
P1-

cos(θ) of Resonance Production



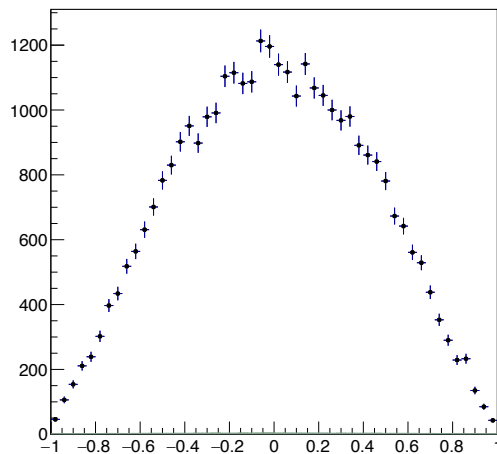
P1+

cos(θ) of Resonance Production



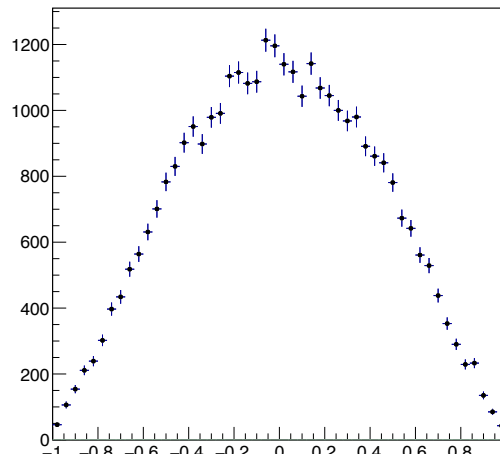
D0-

cos(θ) of Resonance Production



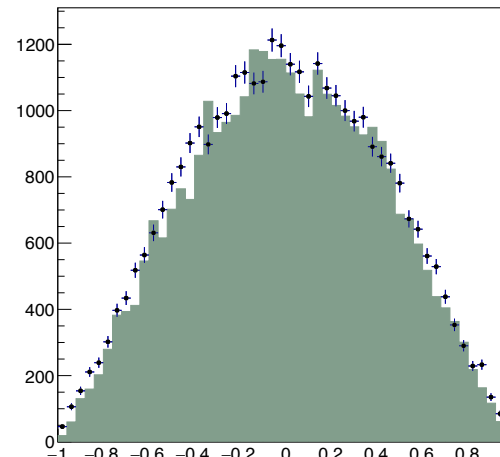
D1-

cos(θ) of Resonance Production



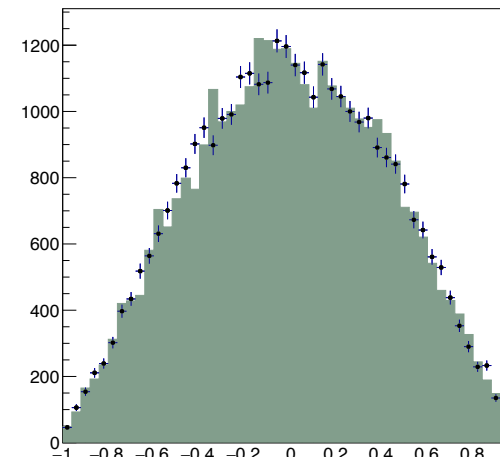
D1+

cos(θ) of Resonance Production



All

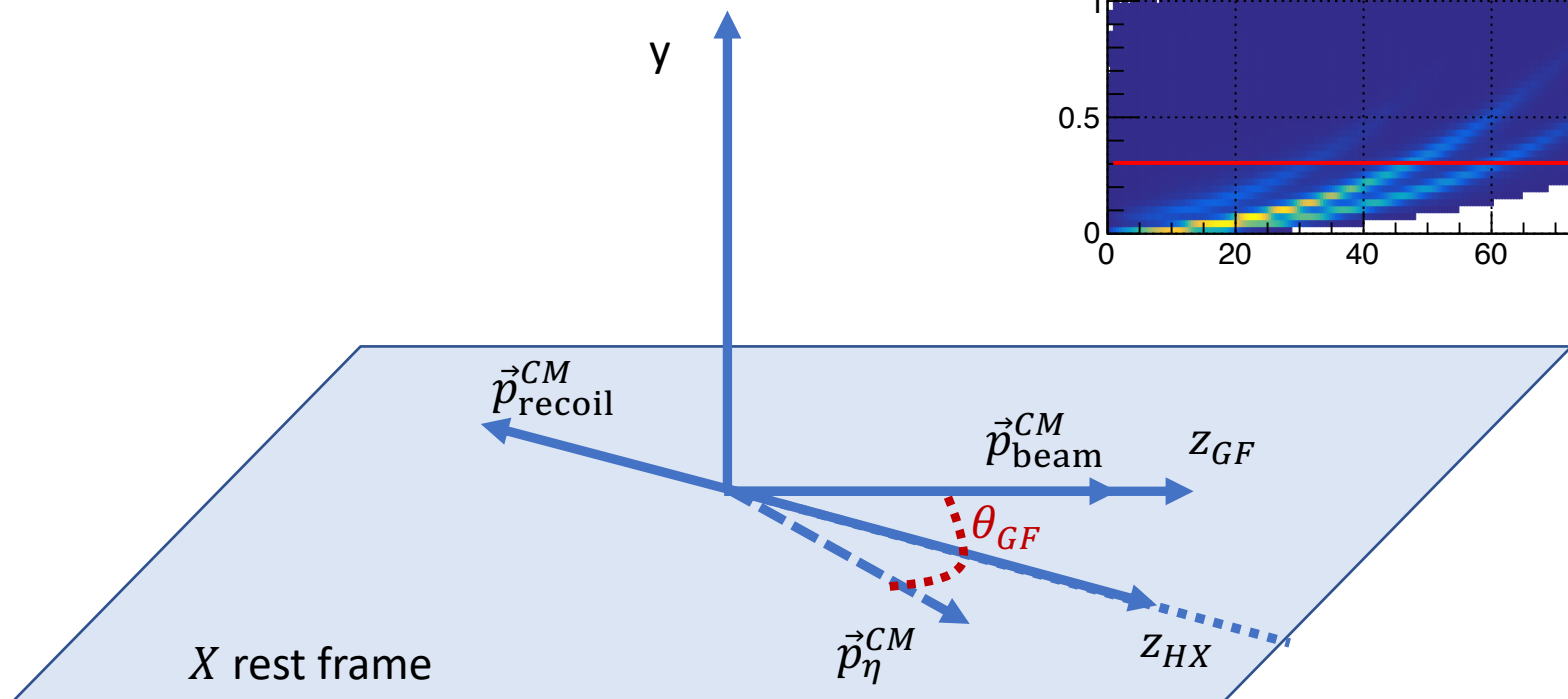
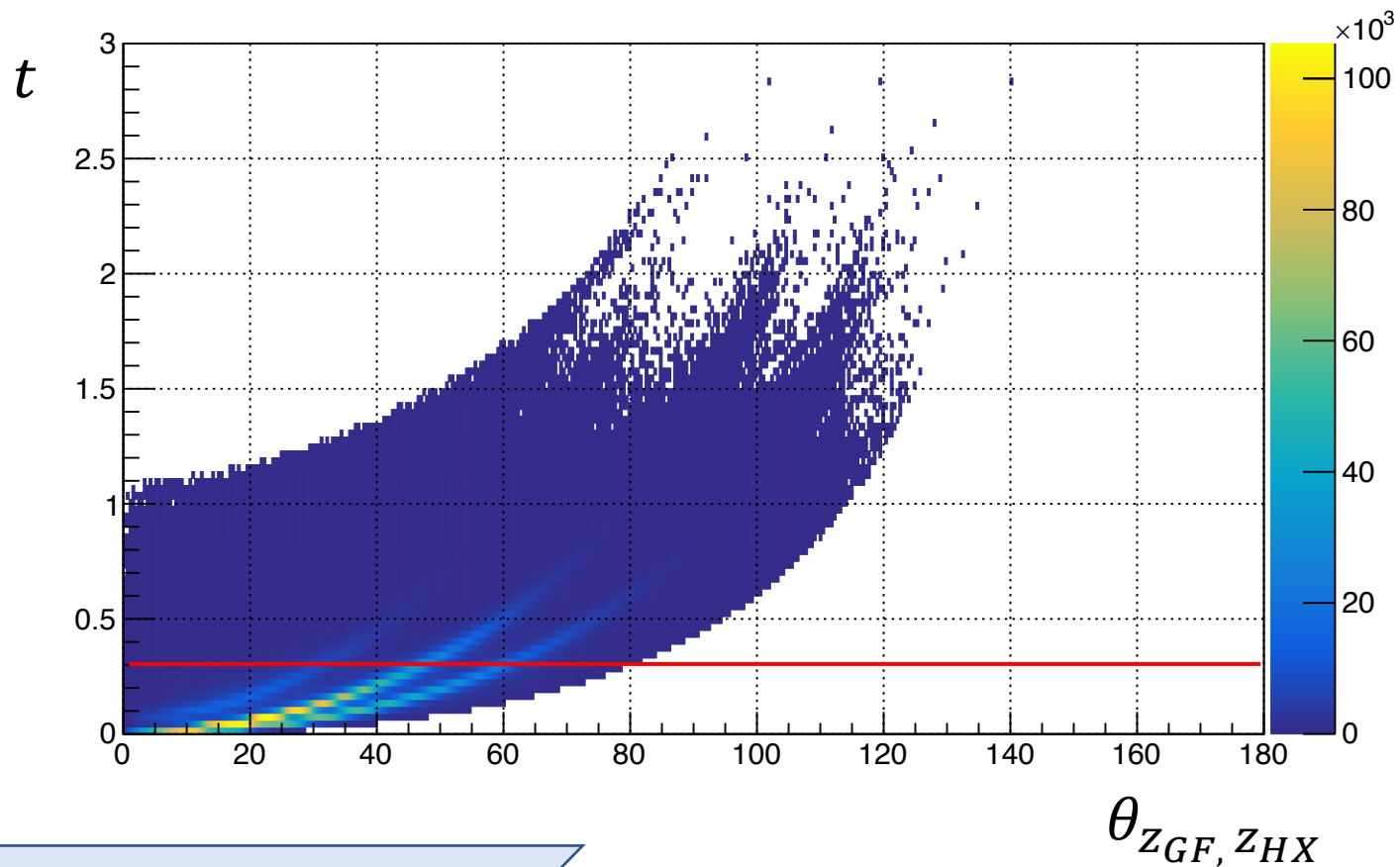
cos(θ) of Resonance Production



Gottfried-Jackson(GJ) and Helicity (HX) frames

$$\gamma p \rightarrow p \underbrace{\eta \pi^0}_X$$

$$t = -(p_\gamma - p_{\eta\pi})^2$$



Results with fitting in different bins of invariant mass of $\eta\pi^0$ and t in G-J frame

D1+

Bin M, t

$M(\eta\pi^0)$ range from 0.7 to 3

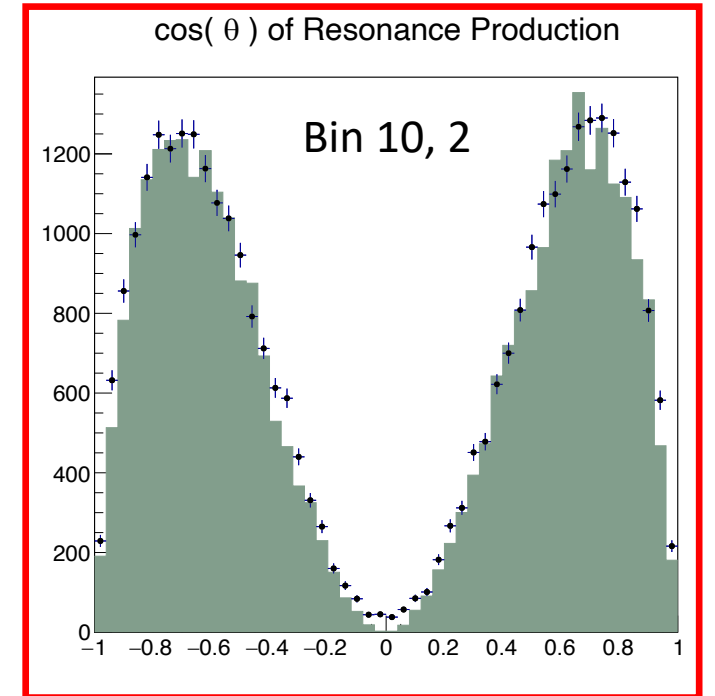
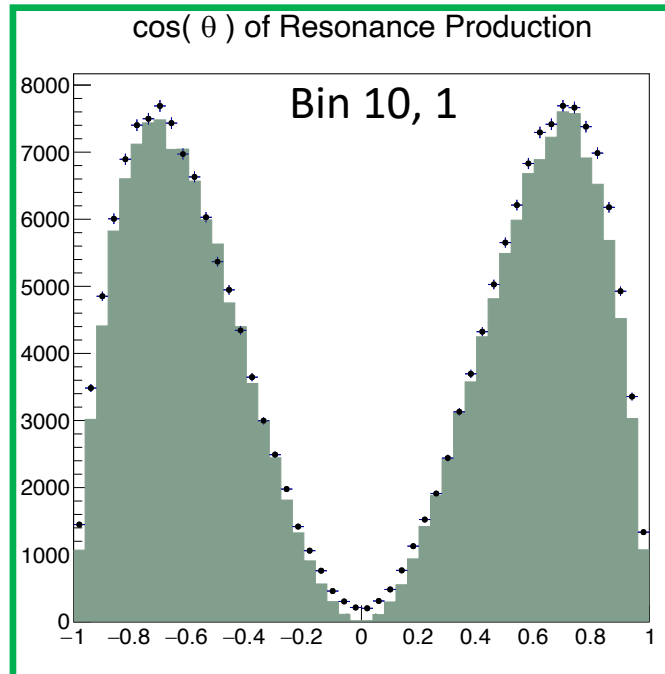
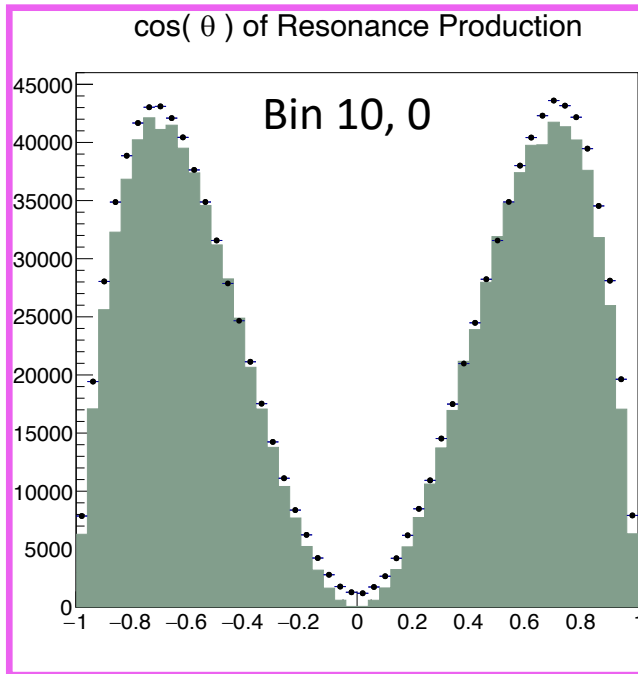
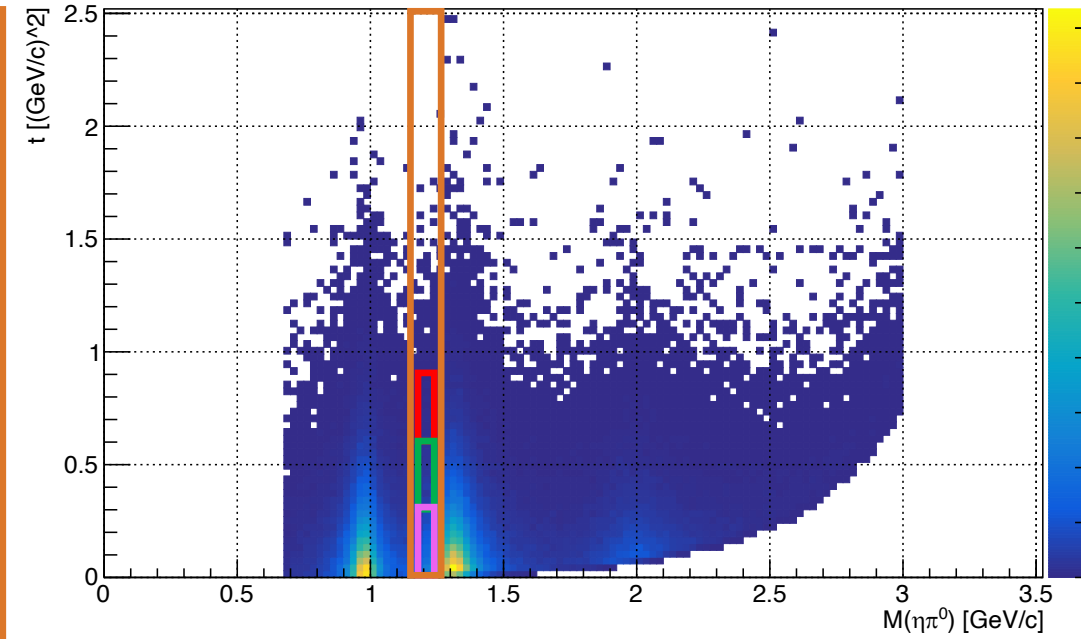
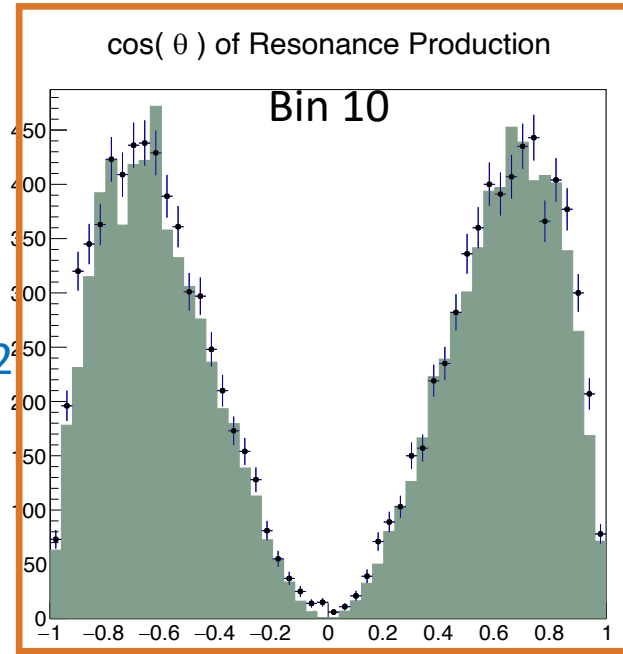
N bins=45

Bin width ≈ 0.051

t range from 0 to 1.2

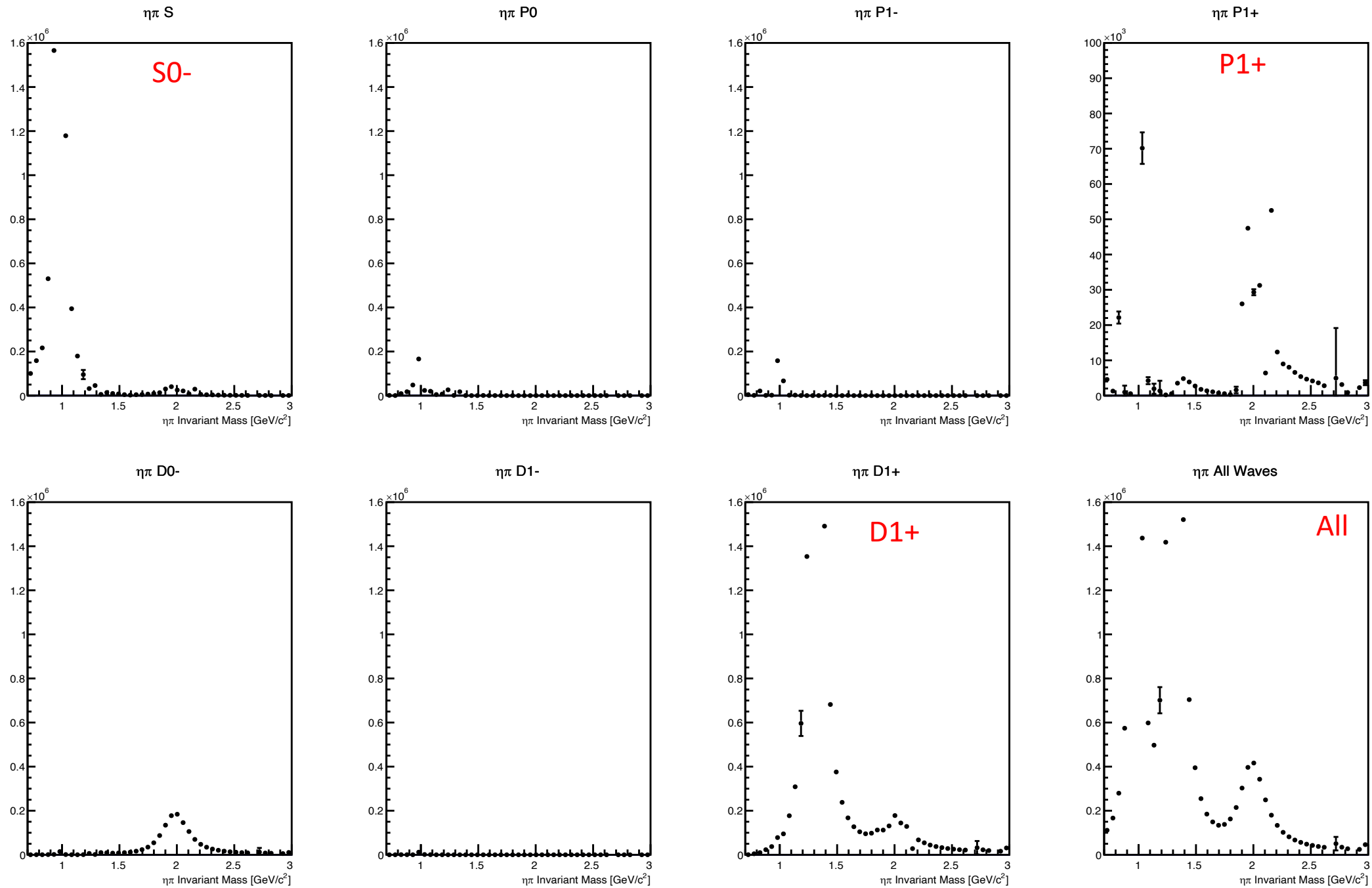
N bins=4

Bin width ≈ 0.3



Results with fitting in different bins of invariant mass of $\eta\pi^0$ and t ($4 \cdot 10^6$ events)

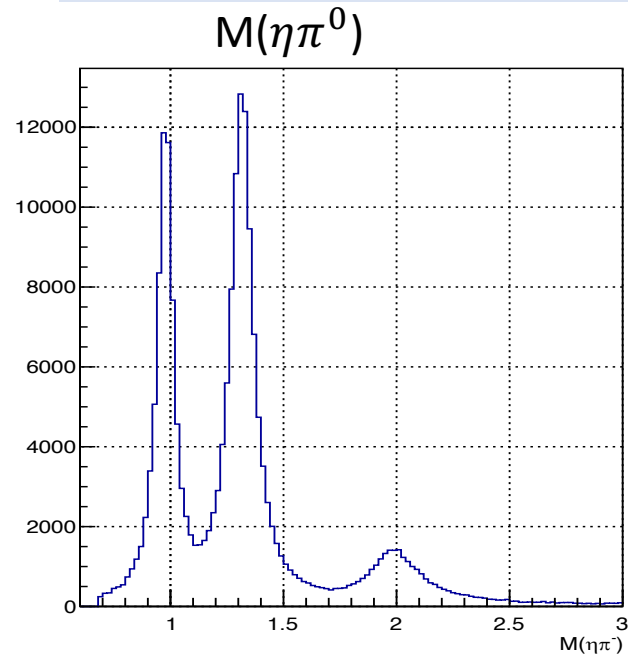
All bins



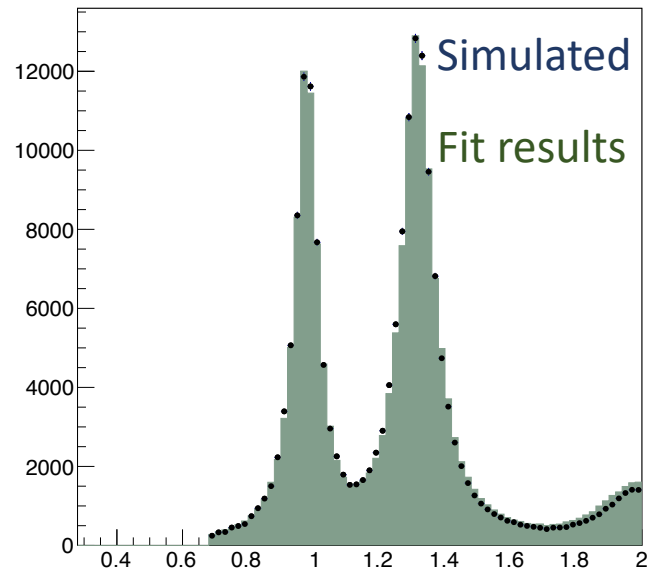
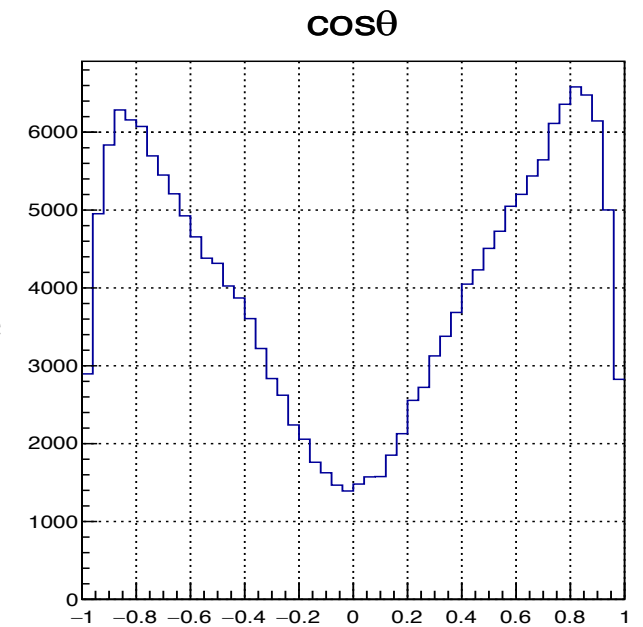
Backup slides

The invariant mass of generated $\eta\pi^0$

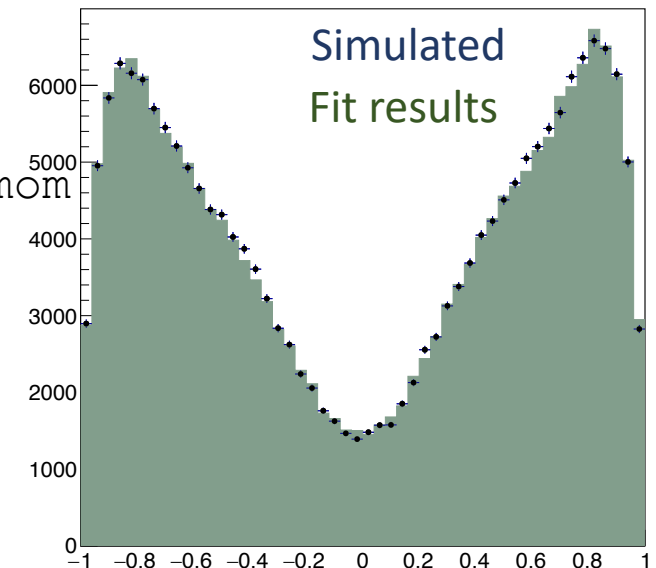
All



Plotted using the data file



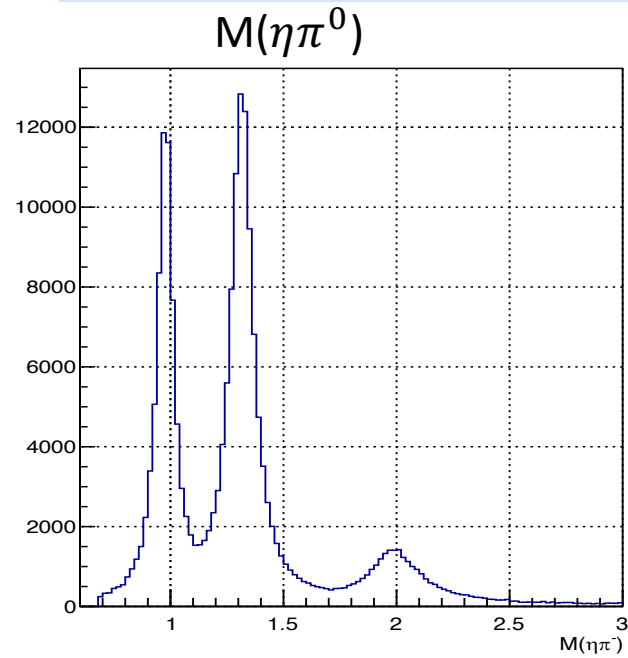
plotted with twopi_plotter_mom



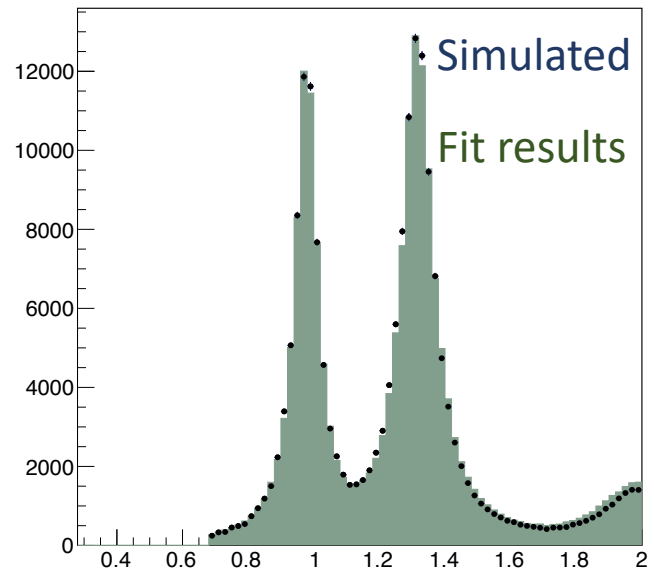
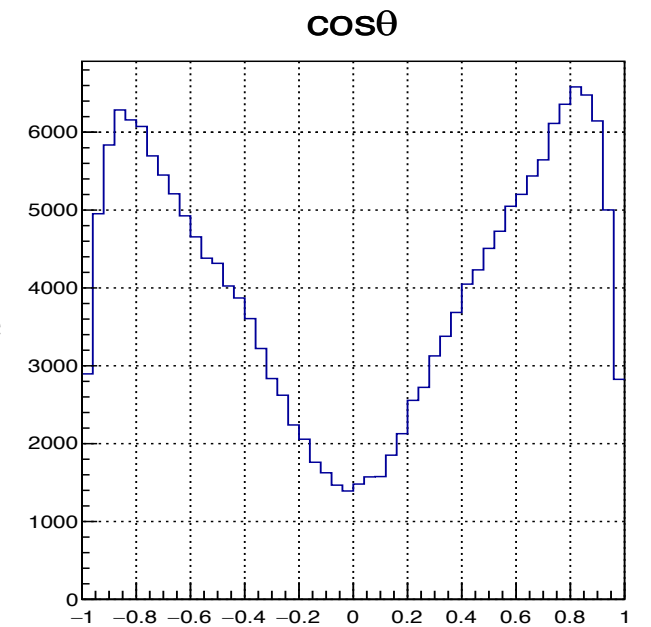
Solution: The twopi_plotter_mom library was plotting angular distributions in helicity frame

The invariant mass of generated $\eta\pi^0$

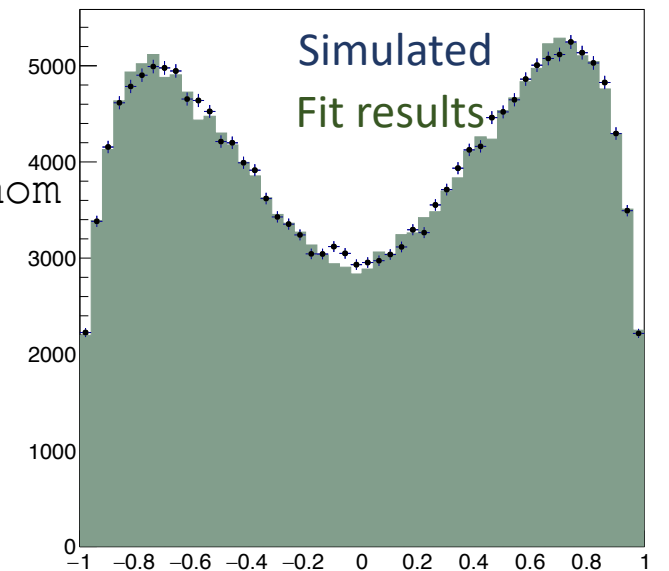
All



Plotted using the data file



plotted with twopi_plotter_mom



Problem : Angular distributions plotted with different codes look different